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Previously characterized by its dependence on exporting crude oil, the Kingdom lately has been diversifying and establishing new sectors that reach far beyond. At the center of this transition is Vision 2030, an ambitious agenda to modernize the economy of the country, promote innovation, and lure foreign capital.

The magnitude of the Saudi's macro-economic expansion is remarkable. The country can only be described as an economic power hub, and with a GDP of more than \$1 trillion, it is the largest economy in the Middle East. More specifically, it is currently exceeding all expectations with its GDP annual growth rate. Going from a preliminary estimate of 4.4% in Q4 of 2024, its growth rate reached 4.5% YoY, subsequently surpassing the 2.8% rate in Q3.



Population Estimates for 2024: **35.3 Mn**



Driving Age:

18 years old



Percentage above driving age:

71.3 %



Road networks covering: **200,000 Km**



Urbanisation Rate: **85** %

Following the unprecedent scaling of KSA's economy lies the country's own unique gem; the backbone of industrial and mobility expansion that otherwise is known as, the lubricants market.

This market currently is the foundation that keeps industries running, machines functioning, and transportation systems operating. The Saudi Arabian lubricant market is constantly expanding following several national, social, and economic transformations. These transformations are the main drivers of the market and can be tied to social reforms, public and private mobility transformation, and other consumer trends that we will be diving into within this paper.

With the intention of evaluating the lubricants market in the Kingdom, it is crucial to begin by identifying and understanding the large factors influencing the market. Thus, bringing up multiple questions to answer:

- How has the lubricant market historically evolved in KSA?
- What impact does the shifting economy have on lubricant demand?
- How does Vision 2030 affect lubricant use in transportation, and industrial applications?
- What are the main demand drivers of the lubricants market?
- How will sustainability trends and technology advancements affect the lubricants market?

The answers to these questions will shape the market in the foreseeable future.



The Market Over The years - From Early Developments to Future Expectations

Saudi Arabia's lubricants market went from seed to tree throughout the last two decades. The market today and that of the early 2000s couldn't be more different as far apart. Nevertheless, as the country continues to evolve, the market is adapting to the new trends and developments. Discussing the key phases of the evolution of the market will provide insights on the historical market shifts and answer critical questions that defines the future trajectory of the market.



Historical Context and Industrial Development

The Saudi lubricants market's growth has coincided with the kingdom's overall development. The year 1938 marked the beginning of the Kingdom's petroleum sector. In the following years, the number of local refining enterprises grew,



and in the late 1960s, the first large plant base oil factory started laying the groundwork for a domestic lubricant sector. This was followed by an expanding demand for lubricants in the 1970s and 1980s as industrialization increased. The need for industrial and automotive oils was driven by large-scale infrastructure projects, heavy machinery, and an expanding transportation industry.

The kingdom was overrun by foreign companies such as Shell, Castrol, and ExxonMobil, which competed with local brands by introducing advanced technological formulations.

As more people started possessing cars in the 2000s, there was a sharp increase in demand for passenger car lubricants. Due to evolving consumer trends and new engine technologies, the industry started to move toward synthetic and long-drain oils. Saudi Arabia became a significant player in the global lubricant market and has witnessed

major developments such as Aramco's acquisition of Valvoline's global products business.

The market is currently expanding as a result of continued industrialization, increased car sales, and investments in infrastructure. The demand for specialty products, such green lubricants and fluids for hybrid and electric vehicles, is being driven by new trends like sustainability, localization, and electric mobility.

By 2030, Saudi Arabia is expected to become a regional center for lubricants. In addition to meeting internal needs, the Kingdom is getting ready to serve the rest of the region with reliable local production, expanding export prospects, and enhancing technological capabilities. A microcosm of the nation's broader aim for industrial excellence and economic leadership, the sector's development spans from oil extraction to the most innovative lubricating technologies.



Historical Development and Future Outlook of the Lubricants Sector in KSA



The 1938 oil discovery at Dhahran was the catalyst for an industrial revolution that would influence Saudi Arabia's future. What was initially a vast deserted country transformed rapidly into one of the largest economies.

Discovery of Oil in KSA:

The foundation of the petroleum industry

1938

Global Lubricant Brands- introduced in the Saudi market

1980

Automotive market growth: Rising of Car ownership

2000



The Humble Beginning

Women Driving
Reforms: Expanding the
automotive market

2018

High Quality Lubricants:

Formulation Optimized for extreme heat conditions

2007



The Rapid Expansion

Shift Toward
Sustainability: Growing
investments in

bio-based and re-refined lubricates

2023

Market Expansion:

Driven by industrialization, and mobility trends

2025

Vision 2030, sustainable industrialization

2030





The Future of energy & mobility



The Vision 2030 plan will push Saudi Arabia to become a regional lubricant hub, focusing on domestic production, industrial self-sufficiency, and international market leadership in the lubricants sector.



Vision 2030 - Impact On Lubricants Market



With rising demand for high-performance automotive and industrial lubricants, the world is shifting in response to a developing economic, social, and technological landscape. Saudi Arabia specifically is at a pivotal point in its development. The kingdom is currently undergoing a historic transition in the Middle East, under the direction of its ambitious and innovative Vision 2030. This blueprint is transforming the industrial, transportation, and mobility sectors, all of which are critical to the lubricants market.

Saudi Arabia's Vision 2030 is a creative reshaping of what the Kingdom can be, instead of an abrupt shift in policy. The goal behind the change is to move the nation away from its historical reliance on oil exports and toward a more diverse, innovative future. Large-scale economic plans, however, are not based solely on abstractions; industrial infrastructure, transportation, and machinery all depend on lubricants, a single but often-overlooked component. Whether in manufacturing facilities, delivery trucks, or building massive projects, the engines of this change would come to a complete stop without the most reliable lubricants. The Saudi Arabia's lubricants market is directly impacted by each of the three pillars of Vision 2030: A Vibrant Society, A Thriving Economy, An Ambitious Nation.

As the tourism and entertainment sectors develop so will demands for safe travels, public transportation, and infrastructure. Increased mobility means increasing number of vehicles,

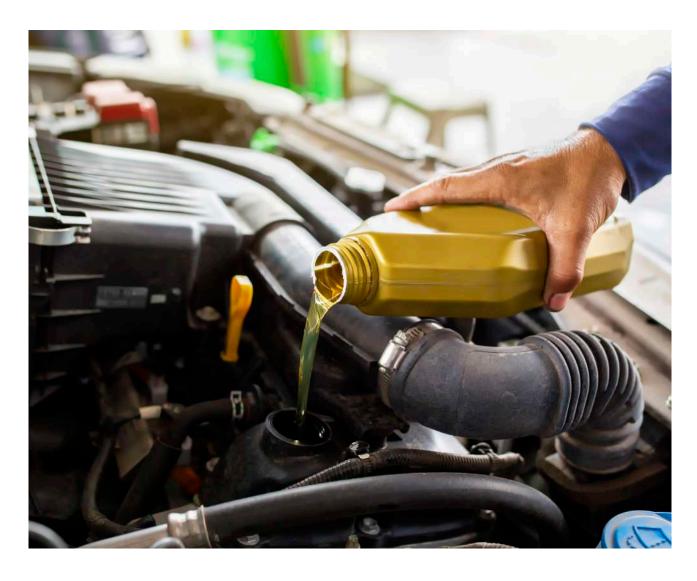
more fleets, and additional lubricant demand. Following the increased tourism, entertainment, and cultural activities, people will travel by road more than ever before. Whether individuals use personal vehicles, ride-sharing services, or interstate buses, more movement means more engine hours and, eventually, more oil changes. This has increased demand for consumer-grade lubricants in local garages, vehicle repair shops, and retail stores.

The Thriving Society pillar, which focuses on quality of life and culture,

is already displaying an impact on the sector. Building NEOM, Qiddiya, and Red Sea Global Projects requires thousands of heavy trucks and equipment, all of which operate in hot climates and harsh conditions. The Vibrant Society pillar also represents a movement in consumer attitudes. Consumers are placing a higher importance on quality of life, convenience, and dependability, particularly in their vehicles. Drivers are becoming more maintenanceaware, and they are increasingly choosing high-performance lubricants that provide higher engine protection,







longer oil change intervals, and improved fuel efficiency.

The Thriving Economy pillar is fueling this trend even further. Saudi Arabia is developing into a center for logistics and, which is driving up industrial demand for lubricants. Advanced lubrication of heavy machinery and automated equipment is essential for petrochemical facilities, industrial zones, and high-speed rail projects. Simultaneously, demand for truck, marine, and cargo vehicle lubricants is rising due to the expansion of the logistics industry, which is fundamental to the kingdom's aim of becoming a bridge for worldwide trade. Sustainability and innovation are

at the forefront of the Ambitious Nation pillar. Environmentally friendly, synthetic, and re-refined lubricants are being researched by companies due to the growing need for greener technologies. Lubricants are still used in transmission, heat management, and other areas even as the Kingdom moves toward EV adoption. Local production is also accelerating due to legal advances and as a result, Saudimade lubricants are now competitive with their international counterparts. Consumers will benefit from increased local lubricant production, which improves product availability and price competitiveness.

Lubricants are not front-page news,

but they are indispensable. Without lubricants, industrial output will be impacted, logistics activities will come to a halt, and equipment will malfunction. Lubricants are enabling the Kingdom's economic and urban transformation under Vision 2030. The more profound the change, the greater the need, not in terms of quantity but in terms of complexity. While lubricants do not typically make headlines, they have played an important role in this growth, facilitating everything from daily commutes to weekend road getaways. For today's Saudi driver, choosing the right lubricant is more than simply maintenance; it's part of a smart, empowered lifestyle.







A Vibrant Society





Social Reforms

Increased Urbanisation

leading to higher vehicle usage

Growth in leisure travel & tourism

leading to higher transportation demand

Higher disposable income

leading to increasing number of vehicle purchases

Sustainability emphasis

leading to increasing Demand for eco-friendly lubricants

Public Transportation

Expansion of metro & bus networks

leading to higher demand for industrial lubricants

Investments in high-speed rail & logistics

leading to increased demand for rail & marine lubricants

Smart mobility solutions

leading to higher demand for advanced lubricant technologies highlighting efficiency

Private Transportation

Rising car ownership rates

leading to an increased need for automotive lubricants

Ride-hailing & EV adoption

leading to New lubricant formulations

Stricter emission regulations

leading to highperformance lubricants

Market Development

New infrastructure & road networks

boosting the demand for construction equipment lubricants

Growth in manufacturing & logistics

Leading increased demand for industrial lubricants

PPPs focus

leading to lubricants industry growth & innovation

However, Vision 2030 is more than just industry, megaprojects, and infrastructure; it is fundamentally about people. The social and economic reforms it has implemented are redefining daily life, altering how people move, work, and commute. As more people buy vehicles, commute longer distances, and travel around the Kingdom, consumer behavior becomes increasingly vital in setting market demand. These lifestyle changes have a direct impact on the lubricants market, not only in terms of volume but also on product selection, maintenance practices, and expectations. In the following chapters, we will look at how the new consumer-driven reality is reshaping lubricant demand in Saudi Arabia.



Understanding Social Reforms:

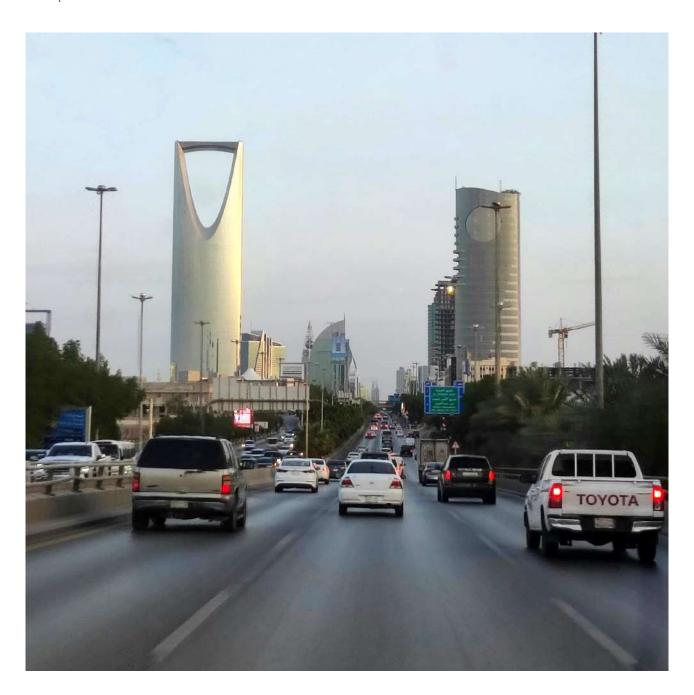
Influence on The Lubricant Market

With more women driving, urbanization spreading, level of tourism rising, and public transportation expanding, Saudis' modes of transportation are changing; and so is the demand for lubricants. Industry alone will not propel the next stage of change; society as a whole will.



As Saudi Arabia rapidly enters its Vision 2030 age, mobility becomes more than just going from one place to the other; it's about equality, opening possibilities, and elevating the quality of life. The once-static highways are now overflowing with a diversified set of drivers, an expanding fleet of ride-hailing services, and a rising public transportation network. These changes reach beyond changing the way people move, to transform the lubricants market, generate new areas of demand and change the face of fleet. Thereafter, as the number of automobiles on the road increases, so does the need for maintenance services, transmission fluids, and engine oils. Subsequently, ride-sharing, public transportation, and luxury car ownership are becoming more popular in Saudi Arabia due to a change in mobility trends. These options all have different lubrication requirements. So, what effect does this societal shift have on the market for lubricants? The question remains unanswered.

Saudi Arabia's roads are dynamic, varied, and undergoing rapid change. It is thus essential to examine the societal dynamics that are changing; including who drives, how they travel, and what this means for the lubricants market. Thus, such questions remain to be answered.





The Societal Shift - New Women Era

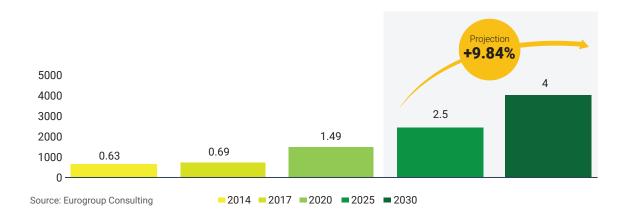
For decades, Saudi highways captured a distinct image, a man behind the wheel. In KSA, driving was only limited and accessible to men, while women had to rely on drivers, or professional chauffeurs. Therefore, mobility is not just perceived as a transportation element; it is an underlying feeling of freedom, opportunity, and self-reliance.



With the lifting of Saudi Arabia's prohibition on women driving in 2018, everything changed. This decision was not a simple policy reform, but a landmark in both economic and cultural history. A flood of new drivers entered the market overnight. Women started to purchase automobiles, shop for insurance, and personally take most of the automotive maintenance decisions. No third-party intervention was needed.

Women Driving and Expanding Consumer Segments

Cars owned by Saudi Arabian Women (in Mn)



175,000 women had received licenses in the first year of lifting the ban, and millions more are projected to follow. The biggest adaptation of female drivers is seen in the largest urban and economic hubs (Mecca, Riyadh, Eastern Province, and Madina). The effects of this increase translated itself across multiple industries. Automobile sales skyrocketed, and new clients flooded into auto repair shops. The automotive market is expected to increase 9% in 2025, which is a substantial improvement from the 3% yearly growth that had been seen during the preceding years.

In parallel, this expanding customer segment pushed ride-hailing apps such as Careem and Uber to increase the number of available drivers. In addition, since women represent the majority of these apps' clients, ride-hailing providers have started to recruit lady drivers to provide a better service for female customers.



Careem 80%

Of clients are women

Uber **70%**

Of clients are women

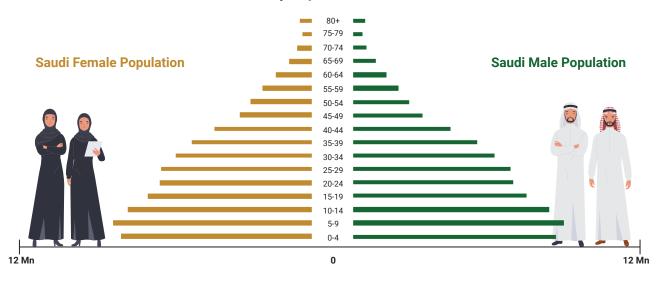
Careem has subsequently announced in 2018 their plan to hire 10,000 female drivers, further emphasizing the app's commitment to adhere to the changing dynamics. On the other hand, in 2023, Uber announced that the female drivers who use the app are between the ages of 21 and 46 shows the variety of driver profiles, whether it be for financial assistance, cultural break-through, or self-determination. Furthermore, the biggest segment in KSA's female population is between the ages of 25 and 54, typically their working years. This overlapping with the age range of female Uber drivers, indicates that Saudi women are adopting ride-hailing as a means of earning money and reflecting a larger trend of female labor market involvement. Females seeking part-time or freelance work, especially those with family obligations, find the flexibility of driving for Uber to be an alluring alternative. Pushing Saudi Arabia's Ride-hailing market to have a projected revenue of US\$964.11 Mn in 2025.

The rise in demand is encouraging the initiation of programs such as Uber's "Women Drivers" program, which established a women-only ride service in the Kingdom. The function allows women to choose female drivers, providing a more pleasant and secure experience. It promotes female economic involvement and corresponds with Saudi Arabia's Vision 2030 objectives. These programs create a ripple effect across automotive maintenance sector, particularly in lubricant usage. As more women begin to drive and demand for ride-hailing services grows, so does overall automotive usage. This means that oil is changed more frequently and more lubricants are required, particularly synthetic oils used for stop-and-go commuting. This as well drives the expansion of quick-lube and vehicle repair shops in large cities.





Saudi Arabia Gender by Population + ~ 13.4 Mn Non-Saudis



Source: Monshaat

The lubricant industry was similarly influenced by this. Consumer views in the automotive industry have been impacted by this generational transition, leading to a significant shift in favor of high-performance engine lubricants and maintenance supplies. New drivers are also opting for premium lubricants that provide better engine protection and performance.

This aligns with a growing awareness for the significance of automotive maintenance, and the need to guarantee durability and reliability. To address such demands, Valvoline, among others, has shifted to supplying engine oils made from high-quality base oils with performance-enhancing additives.

Moreover, online services have grown in popularity as more women have been choosing online appointments and in-home auto maintenance services. Nevertheless, personal transport wasn't the only aspect this transformation. Women joined the commercial transportation industry and worked in logistics, delivery, and ride-sharing. Their cars

required frequent maintenance, high-performance lubricants, and cost-effective repair solutions. Beyond mobility, the shift resulted in a broader economic transition. Women's employment increased, as their mobility created new opportunities for employment and business.

In Saudi Arabia, the number of businesses owned by women increased from 450,094 in 2022 to 648,042 in 2024. This represents roughly 44% growth in just two years. The biggest increase was in Riyadh, where the number of female-owned enterprises increased from 170,177 to 266,211. Even the lowest-numbered region, Bahah, showed an increase

from 4,211 to 5,080 businesses. This rise in entrepreneurship mirrors a broader expansion in economic activity, particularly in areas like as transportation, logistics, and services, which require vehicle use and equipment upkeep. As more women start and run enterprises that rely on mobility and machinery, the demand for lubricants naturally rises. Whether it's maintaining delivery vehicles, powering tiny equipment, or servicing an expanding fleet, dependable lubrication is a daily operational requirement. This shift not only promotes economic diversification but also broadens the consumer base for lubricant products in both urban and regional markets.





The Incoming Wave - Tourism Boost



For years, Saudi Arabia's Tourism sector was mainly based on religious tourism. The only non-Saudis who had ventured into its cities were pilgrims seeking to develop a spiritual connection with the holy region. All of this changed with Vision 2030, that aimed to transform the Kingdom into an outstanding worldwide touristic destination. New travel visas made the KSA more accessible. Aside from religious reasons, pilgrims and tourists in general are now also seeking adventure, history, and entertaining travel.

Domestic and Inbound Tourism By Purpose (2024)



Source: Tourism Intelligence Center (TIC) - Ministry of Tourism Saudi Arabia

It was recorded that 20% of travellers visit the kingdom for religious purposes, 34% for leisure, 31% wish to visit their friends and families, and the rest for business and other purposes. Thus, highlighting KSA's shift from a country that was purely visited for religious or familiar reasons, to a major destination for luxury vacation, corporate travel, and cultural discovery. This shift in position started following the launch of a list of Vision 2030 mega projects such as Jeddah Central, King Salman Park, NEOM, the Red Sea Project, and AlUla. KSA has also taken a groundbreaking move in achieving its ambitious Vision 2030 agenda. The kingdom is adjusting to host major international events that will increase tourism while solidifying Saudi Arabia's standing as a top travel destination for business, leisure, and large-scale events. Among those events are three distinct; 2029 Asian Winter Games, World Expo 2030, 2034 FIFA World Cup, and Riyadh Season. Looking ahead to 2040 and beyond, according to the Google/Deloitte Travel 2040 research, Saudi Arabia will be one of the largest beneficiaries of the 60% increase in worldwide tourism by that year. It is due to these major events that the kingdom is predicted to be among the top 15 tourism destinations worldwide.



Big Time!

Riyadh Season

- Announcement year: 2019
- Location: Riyadh
- Frequency: Annual
- Visitors: over 12 Mn
- Event includes: 14 entertainment areas. 11 international tournaments, and 100 exhibitions and festivals



Riyadh Expo 2030

- Awarded year: 2023
- · Location: North of Riyadh
- · Location span: 6 Mn sqm · Attendees: expected 40 Mn site visits
- Virtual attendees: 1 Bn metaverse visits
- · Participants: 246 (country pavilions, international organizations, and other non-official entities)



Trojena 2029 - Winter Asian Games

- Establishment year: 2019
- Features: two competition clusters (Snow and Ice)
- Sports: total of 47 game sports
- Energy: 100% RE powering the event
- · Hotels: 14 luxury hotels



FIFA World Cup 2034 - Saudi Arabia

- Announcement year: 2024
- Location: Held in 5 cities (Riyadh, Jeddah,
- Al Khobar, Abha and Neom) **Proposed Stadiums: 15**
- Total Planned Capacity: ~780,000

Spectators



As the first desert nation to hold the Asian Winter events, Trojena, a futuristic ski resort in the NEOM mega-city project, is scheduled to host the events in 2029. This event is a testament of Saudi Arabia's dedication and determination to establishing unique destinations for tourists which combine luxury with innovative technology.

The kingdom, by hosting World Expo 2030, establishes itself at the forefront of international and cultural interface while also offering the chance to highlight its accomplishments and rich history. Furthermore, the kingdom has successful bid for the 2034 FIFA World Cup demonstrating the country's commitment to organizing a world-class event, with 15 modern venues in five locations, including Riyadh's 92,000-seat King Salman International Stadium.

In addition, One of the biggest entertainment events in the Middle East, Riyadh Season launched in 2019 as a component of Saudi Arabia's Vision 2030 plan to increase tourism and diversify the country's economy. The event lasts several months each year and includes worldwide concerts, sports championships, cuisine festivals, and immersive experiences, drawing nearly 12 million attendees in 2023 alone. Whether via vision 2030 projects or other initiatives, the country's tourist boom contributed to the transformation of multiple sections of economy.

Tourism as a Strategic Sector

Travelers created a massive demand for various services in diverse markets. They shifted the landscape of the hospitality, transportation, infrastructure, and mobility markets. With every tourist's arrival, the need for accommodations, transportation services, more automobiles to rent, and more ride-hailing journeys increased.

Growing International Tourist Spending 2023 Spending Breakdown



12+ Bn USD Accommodations



6.8+ Bn USD Shopping



5.73+ Bn USD Transportation & Travel



Bn USD



1.07 Bn USD Entertainment



6.8+ Other

Bn USD

Source: Ministry of Tourism Saudi Arabia

International tourist in 2023, spent the most on accommodations out of all the other markets. Following the growing expenditures, KSA's hospitality sector has rapidly progressed and developed to scale up and accommodate the incoming wave of tourism. With plans to develop 290,000 new hotel rooms by 2030, the country would have surpassed Dubai's current availability of 150,000 rooms. In addition, by 2030, KSA's hospitality industry aspires to have the capacity to accommodate approximately 150 Mn tourists annually, combined between domestic and international. Amongst the top 20 most visited countries, KSA has recorded an 18 Mn tourist arriving in 2022 and have attracted close to 100 Mn visitors, both domestic and international, during 2023. This surge affects the lubricants market both directly and indirectly. The rental automobile fleet market has expanded, and rider-hailing grew. Luxury cars with chauffeurs were everywhere. From high-mileage fleet maintenance to premium synthetic lubricants for luxury cars, each of these industries has distinct lubrication needs.





Inbound vs. Domestic Tourism Trends

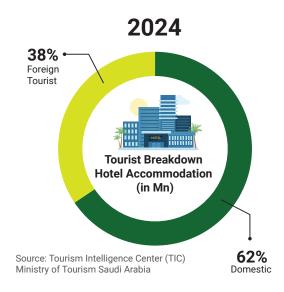
The tourist surge has yet to slow, as the country foresees 150 million tourists a year by 2030. According to ministry of tourism in KSA, the country has witnessed a continuous increase in tourism, reaching around 82 million domestic trips and nearly 27 million foreign visitors in 2023. According to the published TIC data, domestic tourists spend roughly 30.39 Bn USD during their typical 6-night trip, whereas foreign visitors spend almost 16 nights and spend about 37.56 Bn USD



The division between domestic and inbound tourism results in two unique lubricant demand streams. Domestic travelers make regular excursions inside the Kingdom, either using household automobiles or rented vehicles, triggering a demand for regular oil changes. However, inbound tourists, despite arriving in a smaller number, stay longer and spend more. This results in an increased use of rental cars, shuttles, tour buses, and fleet vehicles, all of which require heavier, commercial-grade lubricants. The combined effect of these movements amplifies lubricant demand in terms of volume and intensity. Residential families commuting between cities create ongoing, repetitive demand for passenger car oils, while tourist visitors contribute to the demand for rental fleet and commercial-use lubricants. Brands and distributors can therefore tailor their strategies accordingly. On one hand, brands can provide mid-range motor oils to local workshops and retail stores, and on the other, offer high-performance, high-quality products to meet the maintenance needs of rental and commercial fleets.

In KSA the preferred type of accommodations across both domestic and foreign tourist is the hotel accommodations. Notably, 93% of foreign tourists stay at a hotel during their visit to the kingdom of Saudi arabia. However, considering the high level of domestic tourism in the country, domestic tourists account for 62% of total tourists that choose a hotel accommodation. Hotels are popular destinations for local tourists, who often travel in groups of several automobiles per household, particularly if senior citizens are traveling with them. This is always the case whether they are taking a road trip to the northern areas or a weekend getaway to Abha. This means more automobiles on the road, more kilometers driven, and more post-trip maintenance requirements.

Moreover, to provide guests with extended hospitality services, some hotels have their own fleets or partner with shuttle and carrental companies, which leads to increased motor vehicle usage.





As a result, the continued expansion of mid-scale and high-end hotel chains throughout the Kingdom indirectly drives up demand for lubricants, notably for commercial-use cars and hospitality logistics. As the hotel chain expands in line with national tourism policy, its contribution to the lubricants market develops, driving both B2C and B2B demand channels.

Both international and domestic travelers influence the lubricant market, but in different forms. Inbound tourists visiting for religious, business, or recreational purposes primarily employ rent-a-car, hotel shuttles, and tour buses. These vehicles are high-intensity users since they travel long distances in a short amount of time. As a result, their cars require constant maintenance and oil changes, particularly in commercial fleet operations. Increased numbers of foreign tourists have driven up demand for airport shuttle services and inter-province travel, fueling lubricant demand among high-mileage fleets. Alternatively, domestic tourists rely significantly on private transportation. Saudi families frequently take long road journeys over weekends, national holidays, or school breaks. This increases the burden on personal automobiles, resulting in a consistent demand for lubricants throughout the year. The local tourism sector, reinforced by Vision 2030 and national advertising campaigns, has made road travel extremely popular among locals. Ultimately putting constant pressure on the car maintenance industry.

Collectively, these types of tourism increase the demand for lubricants. International tourism drives commercial and fleet demand, while domestic travel indicates that private automobiles remain in use. Together, they generate strong and rising demand across all vehicle classes and geographies.

International Tourism Overview

As reported by the Saudi Ministry of Tourism, tourism concluded the first quarter of 2023 at 23.19 Bn USD, up 132% from the same previous year, while the number of foreign visitors increased 142% to 14.6 million. This marks the sector's best half-year result ever.

In 2024, Saudi Arabia's tourism industry reached a significant milestone, as foreign tourism revenue increased by 148% from 2019 resulting in the highest overall growth rate among G20 nations. This accomplishment is a testament to Vision 2030's success, which has solidified the Kingdom's status as a world leader in innovation, tourism, and entertainment. According to the 2024 annual performance report, strategic investments, regulatory changes, and groundbreaking mega-projects have all contributed to record-breaking pilgrim visitors, cultural landmarks, and significant international events.





According to market projections, the country could welcome more than 80 million foreign tourists a year by 2040.

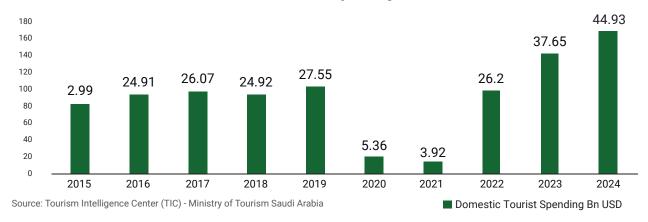


Domestic Tourism Overview

Saudi Arabia saw a 45 % yearly increase in domestic flight bookings in 2024 due to the Kingdom's expanded tourism offers and enhanced connectivity via low-cost carriers.

The most recent travel trend data from Almosafer indicates that domestic room night reservations increased by 39% annually. In addition, hotel and domestic aircraft bookings together accounted for nearly 40% of the total travel industry, a rise of 11% annually. The expansion of domestic travel is mostly due to the increased variety of places to visit, places to stay, and things to do that continue to draw tourists who want to travel for leisure. This growing tendency has been mostly attributed to family and group travel, where reservations have increased by more than 70%.

Domestic Tourist Spending Bn USD

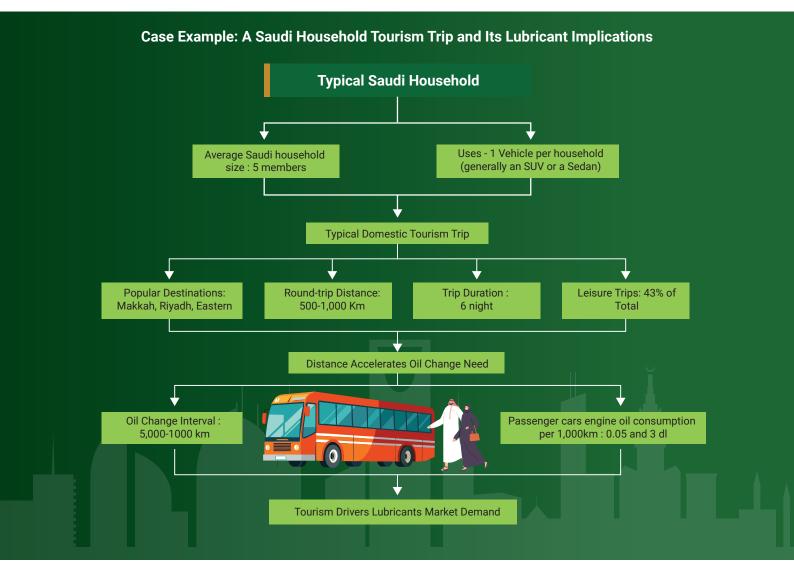




In KSA, domestic spending has increased to a record of SAR 168.52 Bn in 2024







A Saudi household typically consists of five people and has an average of 1.38 cars. With automobile ownership becoming so common, it's no surprise that private cars account for the majority of domestic travel. Given how frequently Saudi families take vacations, they may wind up at Makkah, Riyadh, Jeddah, Abha, or AlUla. When combined, these mostly leisure-oriented journeys account for over 43% of total domestic travel. The average tourist vacation lasts six nights, while round-trip travel times for families traveling throughout the kingdom often fall between 500 and 1,000 kilometers. 87.5% of domestic travel is made in private cars, hence these trips are almost entirely made by car. With the average Saudi Arabian car using almost 12 kilometers of gasoline per liter (Taqa), the highways are congested with families doing long vacation drives. However, there is a clear correlation between lubricant consumption and car usage, not just fuel consumption.

Engine oil is significant in this context since it accounts for about 89% of the lubricant used in passenger cars. Even while modern cars don't use a lot of oil on a single trip, mileage requires regular maintenance, especially oil changes. In Saudi Arabia, oil changes are typically required every 5,000 to 10,000 kilometers, with an average consumption of 4 to 5 liters. So, when a family travels 1,500 kilometers on a vacation, they cover 10% to 20% of the oil change period in one go. That means that a single trip indirectly adds to the consumption of 0.6 to 1.5 liters of engine oil per automobile. When the numbers are magnified, they are surprising. In 2023, Saudis made about 82 million domestic visits. If 43% of them were for leisure, that translates to nearly 35 million journeys largely by car, each of which subtly accelerates oil replacement schedules across the country. Since passenger vehicles account for more than half of Saudi Arabia's total automotive lubricant usage, the impact is far from insignificant.

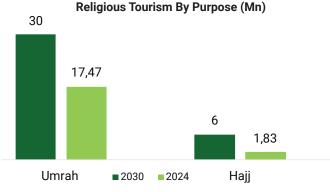


Religious Tourism



Overview

Saudi Arabia intends to embark on a major expansion of religious tourism between 2024 and 2030. The vision 2030 ambitious goal includes going from welcoming 17.47 Mn umrah and 1.83 Mn Hajj Arrivals in 2024 to more than 30 million Umrah and 6 million Hajj pilgrims annually by the year 2030. This expansion puts further strain on the Kingdom's transportation network, necessitating a major increase in public and private vehicles to address the increasing number of visitors. In order to facilitate this expansion, properly maintained fleets of automobiles are essential.



Source: Tourism Intelligence Center (TIC)- Ministry of Tourism Saudi Arabia

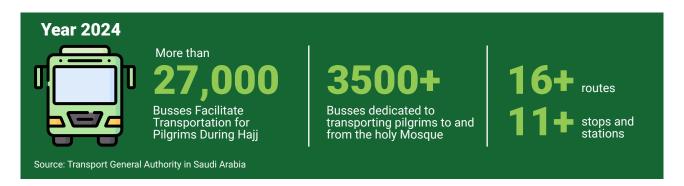
In 2023, the Public Transport Authority (PTA) announced the signing of the largest project for transporting passengers by bus connecting Saudi cities, through a transportation network that covers more than 200 cities and governorates, and is expected to serve more than 6 million passengers annually, through 76 routes, and with a new fleet of buses equipped with advanced technologies that allow the use of environmentally friendly vehicles. It was emphasized that this project will benefit a variety of sectors, including tourism development and transportation, as well as contribute to economic diversification and the consolidation of private-sector partnerships. The National Strategy for Transport and Logistics Services intends to raise public transportation use in the Kingdom from 1% to 15% by 2030. The project will also help to translate one of the strategy's most critical objectives, which prioritizes urban quality of life, by cutting transportation carbon emissions by 25% by 2030.



Expansion

In 2022, the country had around 13.5 million registered automobiles. Due to new local transportation initiatives, religious tourist growth, and the post-pandemic rebound, the number had already surpassed 15 million in early 2024. This number will rise well above 17 million cars by 2030 driven by governmental initiatives involving the expansion of bus networks in Makkah and Madinah, new taxi license programs, and partnerships with ride-hailing companies.

Furthermore, the expansion of privately run pilgrim transport services is anticipated to increase the demand for high-performance lubricants that can withstand extreme conditions and long-distance travel, as well as the annual mileage of vehicles and the frequency of oil changes.



The demand for dependable vehicle operation is rising along with the size and intensity of religious tourism, making lubricant supply networks a crucial component of Saudi Arabia's overall pilgrimage preparation strategy. Lubricant manufacturers and distributors will gain from increased demand for their products in government and private fleet vehicles such as buses, vans, taxis, and SUVs used for pilgrim transportation. The lubricants industry is an essential driver to having an effective, safe, and sustainable pilgrimages experience. Overall aligning with the Kingdom's fundamental values.

The volume and intensity of logistics during religious seasons put a burden on Saudi Arabia's transportation system.

Commercial buses, shuttle fleets, and taxis operate around the clock to carry millions of pilgrims between airports, hotels, and holy sites in Makkah and Madinah. These vehicles typically drive nonstop for weeks, covering long distances in blistering heat and severe traffic.

This leads to increased engine, drivetrain, and key component wear, necessitating frequent oil changes and lubricant replacements in order to maintain performance and prevent breakdowns. Heavy-duty vehicles are also utilized to bring food, water, medication, and sacred belongings for pilgrims, putting additional strain on the logistical network. The peak utilization of passenger and freight vehicles during these seasons results in a significant rise in lubricant consumption, particularly in industries that provide engine oils, transmission fluids, and industrial lubricants for heavy-duty applications.





Adopting Public Transportation:

Transit & Mobility

The reconfiguration of Saudi Arabia's social landscape, particularly the empowerment of women and the flood of tourists, is not occurring in isolation. The reforms have had a far-reaching impact, affecting almost every aspect of city life. This is particularly evident in the way citizens commute across the Kingdom.



As more women take to the roads and millions of visitors arrive, the demand for efficient, inclusive, and accessible public transportation has never been higher. The demands for transportation have increased in scope and sophistication as more people commute to work, more tourists visit, and cities grow at an unprecedented pace. While private automobiles continue to be an important part of daily life, public transit is increasingly being viewed as a key, complementary force in Saudi Arabia's evolving urban dynamics.

Mobility is seen as an instrument for economic growth, equity, and inclusion in Vision 2030. Buses, metros, and trains are no longer subordinate to private cars; they are forming the foundation of a sustainable, networked, and progressive society. Whether it's a university student heading to campus, a tourist moving from airport to monument, or a businessman heading to the office, public transportation is becoming an increasingly important means of access and mobility.

The Kingdom is rapidly advancing the market for public transportation. According to GSTAT, since 2021 the usage of these services has jumped by 233.9%. In the major cities, the number of commuters using public buses alone increased, reaching over 43.5 million trips in 2022. Not to mention the completion of other revolutionary infrastructure projects or the full launch of Riyadh's massive new metro system. The key point is that this transition isn't about replacing private transportation; rather, it's about providing a range of safe, efficient, and sustainable alternatives. In other words, both private and public transportation are merging, with each having a unique role within the network. And collectively, they are promoting mobility, reducing traffic, and supporting the Kingdom's flourishing cities. The adoption and utilization of public transportation will be examined first, starting with the behavioral changes and social trends that are contributing to its growing use.





Public Transportation Growth - Impact on the Lubricants Market in KSA

A noticeable change is taking place, one that is evident in both government policy and public perception. Following decades of car-centered urban design, reliance on private vehicles, and underinvestment in transit infrastructure, KSA's previous vision of an automobile-dependent society is slowly shifting. This shift is allowing a more sustainable transportation ecosystem in which buses, metros, and railway lines have begun to play an active role in daily activities. Public transportation in KSA varies and consists of diverse modes, each corresponding to different travel needs across the kingdom.

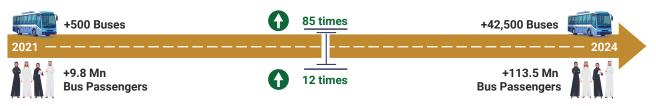


Expansion of Public Transportation Systems

Mode of Transport	Description	Examples	Passenger # (Mn/2023)*
Buses	Divided into intercity and urban services, providing cost-effective travel within and between cities.	Intercity: SAPTCO buses connecting Riyadh, Jeddah, Dammam, and Mecca. Urban: Riyadh Bus service for city transit.	113.5
Trains	Offers both high-speed intercity travel and urban metro services for efficient mobility.	Intercity: Haramain High-Speed Railway (Mecca-Medina-Jeddah). Urban: Riyadh Metro (under development).	30.3
Taxis & Ride-Hailing	Provides flexible, on-demand transportation options across urban areas.	Taxis: Traditional street taxis. Ride-Hailing: Uber, Careem.	63.9
Air Travel	Essential for long-distance travel within the kingdom, connecting major cities.	Domestic flights between Riyadh, Jeddah, and Dammam.	111.7

^{*}Source: General Authority for Statistics, Transport General Authority, General Authority of Civil Aviation

Although it hasn't happened overnight, the shift is undeniable. The overall public transportation market in KSA was valued at \$686.49 Mn back in 2022, and the market is expected to reach \$1,040.86 Mn by 2029. As the sector gains popularity, a new generation is now starting to use buses and trains. In 2021, there were over 500 public bus travels, with over 9.8 Mn passengers. This number increased significantly to reach 42,500 busses with +113.5 Mn Passengers by 2024. In addition, public transportation use is expected to rise steadily and gradually between 2025 and 2029, from 9.27 to 10.31 Mn users.



Source: Ministry of Transportation, Eurogroup Consulting

This anticipated expansion implies that public transportation will keep becoming more and more integrated into locals' and tourists' daily lives. The steady increase points to a shift in infrastructure and culture toward more efficient and sustainable forms of transportation, which is bolstered by government initiatives to reduce emissions, lessen dependency on private automobiles, and enhance urban mobility. This increase is not merely a variation in statics it represents a change in perspective. Furthermore, public transportation fleets often operate for longer hours and travel longer distances than private cars, increasing engine component wear. Keeping the vehicles operating effectively, requires: additional oil changes, maintenance plans, and the usage of high-performance lubricants. As the number of cabs, buses, and metro trains rises, so does the amount of lubricant used for fleet maintenance.



The Driving Forces

This transition is driven by a variety of factors. Populations in cities are rapidly increasing. As of today, over 31,842,626 Saudis reside in cities, accounting for around 92%. This growth puts strain on the daily commute, roads, and quality of the air. As real estate expands into new residential districts, residents are reconsidering their modes of mobility due to longer commutes to work, education, and services. With congestion increasing and fuel subsidy reforms gradually redefining what is affordable, driving a private car is no longer necessarily the best option. Thus, public transit becomes an absolute necessity rather than a desirable prospect. Subsequently, this drives the demand and need for different types of lubricants.

The second driving force is demographic change. The Riyadh Metro is one of the public transportation systems that Saudi women have embraced the most since the female driving prohibition was lifted in June 2018. A government-commissioned survey by the National Centre for Public Opinion Polls (Rai) discovered that 43% of respondents were women, and nearly 60% of Riyadh residents claimed they would utilize the metro for everyday commute to work or school. This shows a growth in the number of women riders, even before Riyadh Metro officially opened.

176 Control and Km long maintenance centers 6 Train Stations Lines Riyadh Metro Project (RCRC) 470 Train Cars Mn passengers per day 250 Work sites Maintenance and parking Centers

For instance, as of April 1st, 2025, the number of bus routes in the city will increase from 6 to 14 while also introducing 91 new busses that includes 3 electrical vehicles. This expansion comes hand in hand with the increase in bus stops from 46 to 383 with an aim to accommodate up to 9 million passengers annually. Buses, taxis, and trains in many public transportation systems rely on traditional internal combustion engines (ICEs) that need to be lubricated on a regular basis. Therefore, as the number of public transportation vehicles increases so does the general fuel consumption, which will ultimately result in an increase in the use of lubricants.

Source: Royal Commission for Riyadh City

Government initiatives have increased the public transportation systems' appeal. The Public Transport Authority, in collaboration with local government officials and foreign transportation specialists, has implemented new transit plans in numerous cities. Primarily, the government has established the Makkah Bus Project. This project in particular features over 400 clean-energy buses equipped with real-time GPS tracking, thus representing a significant improvement in service quality. Additionally, SAPTCO's expanded inner-city and inter-city services have begun to decrease intra-daily mobility disparities, particularly for low- and middle-income populations. Nearly 50% of people surveyed in Riyadh and Jeddah, in a recent study, expressed their interest in utilizing public transportation more often if it were combined with improved services and optimized routes.

Nonetheless, the potential is immense. Saudi Arabia's projected investments in metro systems and other public transportation facilities present a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to transform the way citizens commute. When these systems are completely operational, they will not only absorb millions of more daily journeys but will also shift public perception. They will also help to achieve broader economic and environmental goals, such as lowering emissions, and better connecting workers to jobs. These investments and initiatives by government will result in the launch of modern, high-tech automobiles that frequently require specific lubricants developed for improved performance and longevity. This change would offer lubricant producers the chance to provide customized solutions that cater to the unique requirements of these new, reccuring, and cost-effective automobiles. Thus, further driving the demand for lubricants to increase.



Road Connectivity - Infrastructure For Sustained Demand



KSA has undergone a shocking transformation in its road infrastructure. With initiatives such as the National Transformation Programs that encourage the use of new technology in its operations and assist the county's workforce by increasing their capabilities in every aspect of national development. Furthermore, these initiatives encourage the application of technologies that will lower environmental and social costs while assisting in the development of resilient infrastructure with lower life cycle costs and more effective, high-quality services.

KSA Road Infrastructure Indicators



Surveillance: Available



GIS: Available



ITS Traffic

Management Center:

Full Coverage



Road Network: 10.3



Smart parking facilities:
Partial Coverage



Traffic Signs and Signals: Full Coverage



IoT: Partial Coverage

Source: Civil Engineering Department, College of Engineering, Jouf University



Overview of National Road Infrastructure Development

Saudi Arabia has made significant progress in establishing a modern infrastructure framework that would help it accomplish its Vision 2030 goals. The kingdom now has 92.5% internet connectivity, full traffic sign and signal implementation, and total coverage via its Intelligent Traffic Management Center. It has integrated GIS and monitoring systems, and it is gradually incorporating smart parking and IoT technologies. While associated and self-driving cars are still in their early phases, these achievements indicate that the Kingdom will be constructing the digital and physical infrastructure for a smart mobility ecosystem.

At the heart of this shift is the continual improvement of the country's road network. Saudi Arabia not only increased the length and capacity of its road network, which is currently rated 10.3 on the global road index, but it also improved the coordination of smart transportation systems for greater efficiency, security, and connectivity. In fact, these have reduced travel durations, improved logistical operations, and opened up new geographical areas.

The ministry of Transport has requested several studies to determine the most effective and advanced public transportation system, thus adhering to the country's mobility requirements. In line with this, public transportation projects are currently carried out in Riyadh, Makkah, and Madinah. In addition, the Public Transport Authority was created to oversee the development and implementation of the Kingdom's public transportation strategy. For Madinah, Jeddah, Dammam, Buraidah, Jazan, and Taif, a thorough public transportation plan has already been created. While plans for Hail, Abha, and Hofuf are still in the works. The influence on the lubricants market is direct and significant. Wider use of transportation, increased wear and tear, additional servicing, and higher lubricant consumption are all consequences of a broader, more effective road network.





Since its founding in 1979, the Saudi Public Transport Company, or SAPTCO, has offered multiple services. These include intercity and intracity public transportation, international transportation, premium services like "VIP EXPRESS," specialized services, and digital services. Furthermore, SAPTCO formed a separate business to build, supply, run, oversee, and maintain metro buses in Riyadh as part of the King Abdul Aziz public transportation initiatives.





Freight quantities via railways

14.3 Mn tons

Around the capital, six lines, more than 176 kilometers of rail, and 85 stations are being connected, going through areas with virtually no public transportation. Riyadh is only the first step. With new bus terminals, advanced ticketing systems, and rapid bus transit lanes, Mecca and Medina (two holy cities) are embracing the bus industry. The same is being done in Jeddah, Dammam, and Khobar, each of which has its own city transport plans aimed at improving mobility and lowering dependency on private vehicles. Every new bus line or subway tube is supported by a 24/7 machinery supply chain, service fleet, and construction equipment. While the overall vision is essential to this infrastructural revival, engines, hydraulics, compressors, gearboxes, and cooling systems are also necessary. And in the severe climate of Saudi Arabia, lubricants are a prerequisite for all of these to function smoothly, endure wear, and handle extended duty cycles. Here's where the link becomes clear. Through development, commissioning, and long-term operation, the Kingdom's need for premium lubricant solutions increases with its transportation infrastructure investments. During station excavation, digging equipment uses heavy-duty greases. Tunnel boring equipment uses hydraulic fluids that can withstand high loads. Cement mixers and track-laying equipment are powered by industrial lubricants that prevent thermal deterioration and friction. After construction has been completed, the maintenance cycle starts; generator standbys, railcar systems, and vehicle washing all depend on lubricants designed for longevity and performance.

Road Connectivity Index of KSA (2024)



Source: The Communications, Space and Technology Commission

Road Quality Index by Country (2025) 4th in G20 5,7 2016 2019 2024 Source: Road General Authority

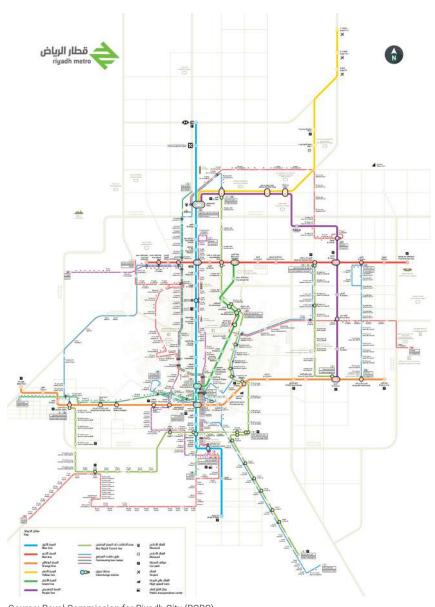
Furthermore, saudi arabia is making progress in the road infrastructure sector. According to a World Economic Forum report, the Kingdom has improved its road infrastructure quality score, reaching 5.7. This ranked the Kingdom fourth among G20 countries, putting it closer to meeting the Road Sector Strategy's target of ranking sixth in the global road quality index by 2030 and decreasing road fatalities to less than five per 100,000 people. The authority also intends to cover the road network with safety measures based on the International Road Assessment Programme (IRAP) and to boost private sector involvement in operational activities.



Infrastructure for public transit

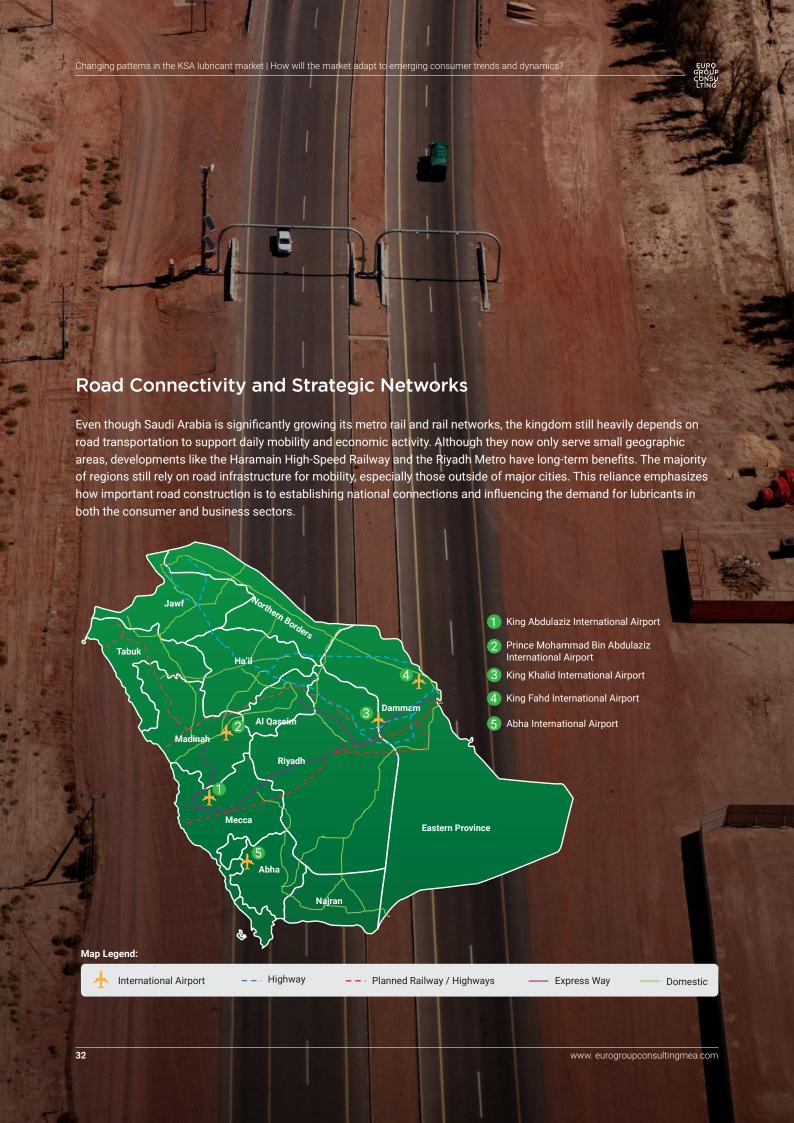
What is impressive is not the volume of demand, but its consistency. One-time demand for lubricants is not created by infrastructure developments. The government set up supply agreements that last for several years, frequently with high technical requirements and recurring cycles. For the lubricants market, this means stable, long-term contracts for anything from first-fill oils at machine installation to maintenance lubricants utilized over years of system operation.

Furthermore, the strategic context of these enterprises raises the bar. Infrastructure for public transit is important to the country which means that delays, malfunctions, or gaps in maintenance, incurs both financial and reputational costs. Operators of public transportation systems and engineering contractors, therefore, look for lubricant partners, not just vendors. These partners can provide dependability, technical guidance, and customized product lines. This gives local and foreign firms the opportunity to expand their business-to-business (B2B) service offerings, send out technical support teams on-site, and develop innovative ideas for lubrication in harsh conditions to meet local demands. Civil engineering is not the only field with this requirement. The maintenance of infrastructure, such as escalators in massive complexes, diesel backup power plants for depots, and air conditioning systems in metro stations, also calls for lubricants designed for longevity and reliability. High-speed elevators, energy-intensive lighting systems, and intelligent ticketing gates are only a few examples of the increasingly complex station's machinery ecosystem. All of which require highperformance lubricant.



Source: Royal Commission for Riyadh City (RCRC)

To put it briefly, public transportation infrastructure is creating opportunities rather than tracks. The fundamental definition of mobility is being broadened, and the lubricants market is entering a new era of significance that is connected to more than just automobiles and truck. It is being tied to the way cities interact, breathe, and thrive. Saudi Arabia is constructing more than just railroad stations and lines. It is constructing a future vision in which cities are interconnected, transportation is efficient, and every motor, screw, and bolt serves a purpose. That means only one thing for the lubricants industry: those engines will need to run, and their oils and fluids will provide the necessary power.





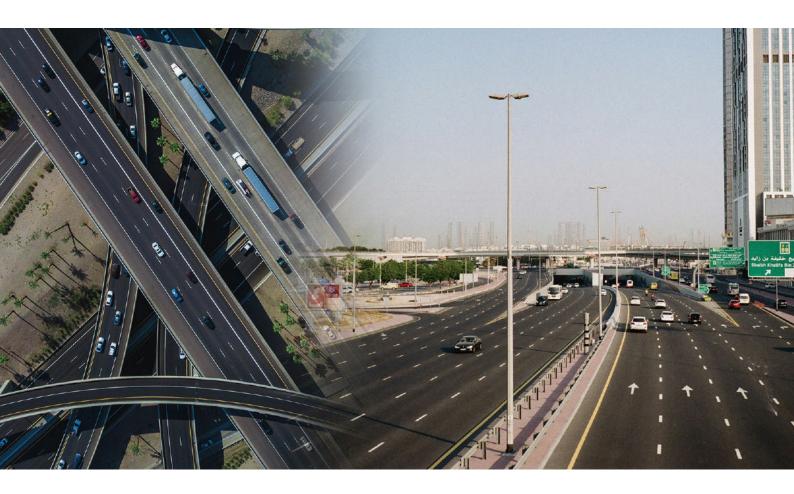
According to the ministry of media, there are more than 268,000 kilometers of roads in Saudi Arabia, ranging from arterial and highway roads to rural connections. However, as part of the larger infrastructure plans for Vision 2030, many of these networks are being built up, enlarged, or developed from scratch. New intercity road development, freight corridor improvements, and access to economic hubs like NEOM and the Red Sea Global site are a few of the latest publications. These include enhanced traffic flow, easier access to remote locations, and assistance with national logistical operations. For the lubricants market, this results into measurable increases in product demand. More connectivity means more vehicles moving around, traveling farther, and needing repair more frequently. Commercial fleets that travel long distances today need long-lasting engine and gear oils that can continue to function even under extreme heat conditions. Likewise, lubricant usage in equipment, concrete plant mixing, and equipment transportation must be raised for road construction itself. Additionally, lubricants for light trucks, buses, and utility vehicles are needed as a result of access road construction around building projects, tourist destinations, and industrial development projects. As they will be used in stop-and-go scenarios, these cars will put additional strain on their engines and drivetrain, necessitating high-quality lubrication. The value chain for lubricants is further enhanced by road network connectivity. Lubricant service providers and distributors can reach a bigger audience and find the best routes when townships, logistical centers, and border crossings are more easily accessible. Customers benefit from less downtime and increased market coverage, particularly those whose fleets operate in remote or secondary townships. This domestic initiative to increase mobility through enlarged highways is setting the stage for future growth in private vehicle ownership. Car ownership becomes increasingly easy and alluring as more individuals are able to move easily between towns and cities, especially in areas where public transportation is still insufficient. More roads translate into more automobiles on the road, and more cars translate into more frequent and varied lubricant demands.





In this case, the highway infrastructure is not isolated. It links all of the factors that influence the need for lubricants, such as private vehicle ownership, tourism, and logistics. A wider network serves a lubricant market that is more frequent, widespread, and interconnected. As a result, road construction is not just a priority for transportation but also a crucial link in Saudi Arabia's changing lubricant value chain.





Comparative Case: Saudi Arabia vs. United Kingdom Road Networks

The most effective approach to measure the progress of Saudi Arabia's road network is to compare it to countries that have a global reputation for maintaining excellent and highly developed networks. The United Kingdom serves as a prime example of a developed country with a well established and mature road network.

The United Kingdom's road network is one of the largest in Europe, with a complicated system that reflects the country's early urbanization and industrialization. However, in recent years, the United Kingdom has shifted its focus from expanding to retaining its network. Funds have been allocated frequently to combat an aging network and an increasing maintenance backlog. Saudi Arabia, on the other hand, is in the midst of a transitional period in which it is actively spending on the expansion and improvement of its roadways as part of Vision 2030. This comprises building high-speed highway corridors, improving interconnectivity between economic zones, and aligning road development with a comprehensive national logistics and transportation strategy.

The intriguing aspect of this comparison is that, despite the UK's head start, Saudi Arabia has managed to establish and carry out an infrastructure initiative within a relatively brief period of time. This initiative not only follows in quality but also sets new benchmarks for integration and strategic planning. Saudi Arabia benefits from a unified system under one ministry, which enables quicker project execution and more consistent infrastructure levels throughout the country, in contrast to the UK's multi-tiered administrative framework. It is no coincidence that the Kingdom's road infrastructure is in the top ten globally; rather, it is the result of a strategic, well-funded, and proactive approach to mobility.

Therefore, this comparison approach is not about equating total kilometers or imitating the course of another nation. Instead, it's about proving that Saudi Arabia has built a road network ecosystem that meets best-in-class international standards and, in some cases, surpasses more advanced levels infrastructure in ambition, integration, and delivery.







Implications

Total Road Network	• 396,703 km	• 268,000 km	2	UK's scale is larger due to maturity, but KSA's network is more centralized and expanding with clearer national oversight.
Major Roads (Motorways & Highways)	 3,702 Km of motorways 47,637 Km of 'A' roads 30,417 Km of 'B' roads 314,949 Km of 'C and U' roads 	4,900km highways14,189km dual roads54,180km single roads	()	KSA focuses on high-speed corridors vital for logistics and trade, supporting its economic diversification goals.
Strategic Road Network (National Roads)	 7,403 km of SRN managed by National Highways 	73,000 km managed centrally by one ministry and agency	(KSA's unified approach streamlines execution and ensures consistent national standards.
Network Growth (2004–2024)	• 1,287 km of major roads added in 20 years	Active expansion under Vision 2030 and NTLS with multiple new corridors	(>	KSA is in a growth phase with transformative ambitions, while UK growth has plateaued.
Governance Structure	 Multiple levels: National Highways, devolved governments, local authorities 	 Fully centralized under Ministry of Transport & Roads General Authority 	(>	KSA's governance allows faster project rollout and avoids fragmentation in responsibility.
Strategic Planning	• \$36.12bn until 2025 under the Roads Investment Strategy 2 (RIS2)	\$147bn by 2030 under the National Transport and Logistics Strategy (NTLS)	2	KSA's long-term strategy integrates transport with economic reform, unlike UK's narrower planning scope.
Funding (Latest Available)	\$37 billion (RIS2), focused on maintenance and modest expansion	• \$11.2 billion in 2022; \$147 billion committed by 2030	(KSA's investment is forward-looking and expansionist, while UK funding often addresses existing road degradation.
Quality & Performance	5% fatalities decline in 20232% decline of casualties of all severities in 2023	2.5% decrease in severe traffic accidents in 2023	(>	KSA's infrastructure quality is globally recognized, showing rapid gains in a short timeframe.
Repair Time	 2-24 hrs for emergency or urgent repairs <48 hrs Hazardous and dangerous potholes 1-4 weeks Permanent repairs for potholes meeting intervention levels 	1 to 10 working days to resolve issues According to Balady.gov.sa	(KSA municipalities are becoming more responsive, increasing road reliability and supporting vehicle uptime
Road Network per Capita (km/person)	• ∼5.8 m/person	• ~7 m/person	(2)	KSA's higher per capita road access supports broader vehicle ownership and freight movement
GDP per capita (Thousand)	• 54.95	• 30.1	(2)	GDP grows with infrastructure-led development, personal and industrial vehicle usage will increase

Source: Logistics Capacity Assessment (LCA) in KSA, GOV.UK



Inside the Saudi Lubricants Market: Competition, Trends, and Growth



Mr. Arshadul Haque
Marketing & Sales Leader | Lubricants
& Automotive Specialist at Saudi
Technology Lube Oil Plant (STLOP)



Seasoned executive with 20+ years of experience driving market leadership, revenue growth, and brand visibility for top companies in the lubricants & automotive sector. Expertise includes architecting high-impact marketing strategies, leading multinational sales teams, and executing data-driven consumer campaigns for brands including Castrol/BP, Hyundai, Ford, SERVO, and BAPCO Lubricants. Proven success in launching new products, optimizing customer loyalty programs, and expanding market share across competitive global environments.

Q: How do you see the Saudi lubricants market today?

A: The Saudi lubricants market is robust and transitioning, driven by Vision 2030. While automotive oils dominate, growth comes from industrialization demands, pushing toward synthetic and specialized lubricants. Competition intensifies as local players like Petromin and global brands adapt to localization policies and EV disruption, shifting the focus to value-driven & service driven solutions. More and more branded quick services centers are emerging.

Vision 2030 and Market Outlook

Q: What are the biggest trends in the market right now?

A: Mainly the Government-Led Industrial Expansion, Localization push, Digital transformation and sustainability are the biggest trends. Major government spending propels all industries forward and driving business across the segments including Automotive sectors and aftermarket retail/wholesale/distributor channels.

Q: What about Vision 2030 and driving Saudi Arabia's direction for the future?

A: Actually, the Vision 2030 is the strategic engine propelling Saudi Arabia toward regional leadership beyond oil. It drives diversification into manufacturing, sports, and human development, while attracting global institutions and building world-class infrastructure to rival hubs like Dubai and Singapore. The vision aims to make the Kingdom a holistic leader; raising living standards, redefining its global role, and establishing itself as the Middle East's premier industrial, sports and entertainment destination.



Women Driving and Its Impact

Q: How has women driving affected the lubricants market?

A: In 2018, the decision to allow women to drive marked a significant shift in the passenger vehicle industry. Sales of new passenger cars were predicted to increase by at least 20 to 25 percent, which created a significant boost and acted as a key catalyst for automotive market expansion which helped in substantial growth of lubricants and overall aftersales market.

Tourism and Its Effect on Lubricant Demand

Q: Do tourists affect demand for lubricants?

A: Tourists do not directly drive lubricant demand, but their presence amplifies indirect demand through commercial transport and infrastructure growth, especially in tourism-focused economies like Saudi Arabia. still, local consumers remain the primary force.

Automotive Sector – Public and Commercial Vehicles

Q: Which commercial vehicle segments are currently driving lubricant demand in Saudi Arabia?

A: Construction equipment and logistics fleets are the main drivers, fueled by infrastructure push. Demand centers on high-performance heavy-duty engine oils and synthetics that reduce maintenance costs in extreme operating conditions, with local blends like Petromin capturing significant market share. Last-mile delivery and ride-hailing fleets are

accelerating demand for highperformance synthetic lubricants as well as 2 Stroke eninge oil (motorbike) in Saudi cities.

Future Outlook

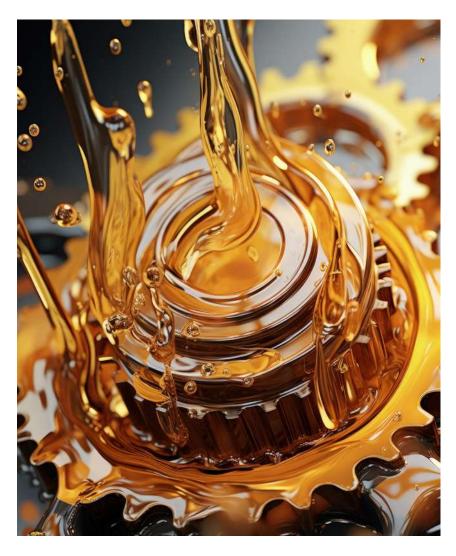
Q: What type of lubricants dominate the market in the future?

A: Currently near 10% market share, Synthetic & Bio degradable lubricants demand is growing and it will dominate Saudi Arabia's future market, especially low-viscosity automotive oils for urban fleets and heavy-duty industrial synthetics for giga-projects. EV fluids and bio-lubricants will rise as Vision 2030 accelerates sustainability

and electrification, but synthetics remain the core growth engine due to performance demands in extreme conditions.

Q: Are there any other technologies or trends that will emerge?

A: Beyond synthetics and EVs,
Saudi Arabia's lubricant future will
be defined by digitalization, and
hydrogen compatibility. Innovations
like nano-additives and IoT-enabled
fluids will dominate high-value
niches, while climate-specific R&D
turns desert challenges into export
opportunities. Vision 2030's gigaprojects and sustainability mandates
make KSA a testing ground for nextgen lubricant tech.







Demanding Lubricants: Cars, Motorsports & Boats

Saudi Arabia's investment in transportation infrastructure not only improves connectivity, but it also influences how people utilize transportation. As travel becomes more convenient and accessible, interest in car ownership grows. Meanwhile, there is a growing interest in lifestyle activities such as racing, yachting, and boating, indicating a larger shift in consumer behavior. These factors are fueling rising demand for lubricants in both the automotive and marine markets.





The market for private cars in Saudi Arabia is changing significantly due to the evolving transportation requirements and consumer preferences. While large SUVs have traditionally dominated the market due to their suitability for traveling long distances, there has been a growing trend in recent years toward smaller, fuel-efficient vehicles. Factors driving this trend include growing environmental consciousness, urbanization, and affordability for young and first-time customers.

In contrast, electric vehicles (EVs) have tentatively started to appear following the government's support for sustainability. As of now, EV adoption is still in its early phases, but it is part of a larger trend in which efficiency, usefulness, and a low carbon footprint are becoming

increasingly important factors of purchasing decisions in the Saudi automotive market.

Chinese producers have taken advantage of this by launching affordable, high-spec vehicles that appeal to mass consumers. Furthermore, the used automobile industry is gradually expanding as an increasing number of purchasers, particularly younger and more cost-conscious buyers, choose pre-owned vehicles as a more affordable option. Subscription car and rental automobile models are also rapidly developing as a result of not only changing ownership preferences but also increased tourism around the Kingdom. In the upcoming years, the demand for lubricant products, as well as their needs and maintenance habits, will be influenced by these vehicles.



Consumer Shift - Vehicles & The Auto Culture

Private vehicles have been an integral part of Saudi daily life. Driving has been not only the most prevalent mode of transportation in a country with remote locations, low-cost petroleum, and underdeveloped mass transit, but it has also served as a symbol of cultural normalcy. Owning a car was considered essential for practical mobility and individual liberty. Nevertheless, private transportation culture is changing along with the Kingdom through social reform, economic diversification, and urban redevelopment in accordance with Vision 2030. These developments are influencing the downstream value chain in general and the lubricants market in particular.



Growing Demand for Private Vehicle Market

According to government's national industrial development center, KSA is the primary market in GCC with more than 52% of total sale and 37% of MENA annual sales, this leading position defines the market tendencies for the following years.

Car sales in KSA (K units)



One of the main causes of the change is population growth. Over 60% of Saudi Arabia's population is under 35, making it a youthful nation. Their movement patterns are changing as the members in their digitally native generation get older. In terms of automotive specs, younger drivers are become more demanding, more receptive to shared or flexible mobility patterns, and more ecologically sensitive. They are not only selecting their vehicles differently, but they are also selecting the methods of powering and maintaining them. As a result, there is a greater need for high-performance, fuel-efficient lubricants, particularly synthetic and semi-synthetic oils that can provide longer drain intervals and satisfy the demands of modern engines. Meanwhile, the effects of women's inclusion in the driving community have been evolving at a revolutionary rate. As previously discussed, after the ban on women driving was lifted in 2018, the consumer base has grown larger and more active. The female drivers in the kingdom will actively look for newer, better-performing vehicles. They will also interact more openly and actively with auto repair shops and service stations. Due to the increase in new drivers, many of whom are buying or renting a car for the first time, there is a greater need for regular maintenance like oil changes, which has helped to maintain steady lubricant consumption at both retail and service levels.

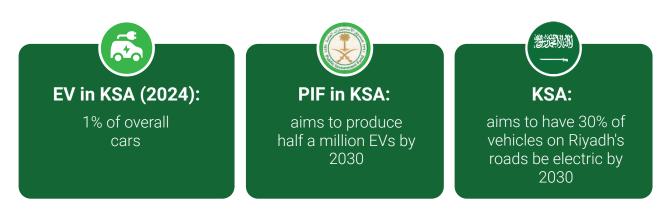
The rising number of car owners is also strongly associated with economic trends. The market for both new and second-hand automobiles has expanded as a result of rising disposable incomes and easier access to auto financing. Over 600,000 used cars were sold in the Kingdom in 2023 alone, setting a new record. There are particular lubricant requirements for the used car market: older engines will need more regular oil changes and particular formulations made to prevent wear. This entails refocusing product lines and distribution channels for lubricant makers and distributors to satisfy the need for mineral or high-mileage lubricants in older vehicles and premium synthetic ones in newer models.



Along with increased vehicle ownership, the Kingdom is witnessing the early phases of EV adoption, potentially indicating the need for lubricant manufacturers to adjust to an evolving combination of engine technology.

Electric Vehicles and Sustainability

The introduction of electric vehicles raises serious concerns regarding the Saudi Arabia's lubricant sector. At first glance, EVs can appear to threaten demand since they eliminate the need for engine oil. However, upon deeper examination, the expansion of EVs in the Kingdom appears to be weak, low, and ultimately non-disruptive. At the same time, growing interest in bio-based and re-refined lubricants creates fresh potential for shifting and changing rather than retreating.



The Saudi government is fully committed to establishing a strong electric vehicle industry through large investments and governmental initiatives. For instance, the Public Investment Fund (PIF) recently invested \$39 billion with partners like Lucid, CEER, and Hyundai. Additionally, the establishment of the Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Company (EVIQ) contributes to the country's target as it aims to install 5,000 fast chargers across the Kingdom by 2030. Nevertheless, despite these advancements, Saudi Arabia's electric vehicle sector is still in its early stages. Public charging stations are still limited and not many EVs have been sold last year.

The market for lubricants will undoubtedly be impacted by this. Conventional engine oils continue to be in high demand for internal combustion engine (ICE) vehicles. However, as EV usage increases, traditional lubricant use will decrease. Meanwhile, a new market niche for EV-exclusive lubricants is emerging, including dielectric fluids for battery cooling, electric motor-specific greases, and electric driveline gear oil. Although small in size, the segment provides lubricant makers in Saudi Arabia with an opportunity to grow and adapt to a new automotive environment.

Biodegradable and Low-Viscosity Lubricant Opportunities

Furthermore, Saudi Arabia's megaprojects, such NEOM, the Red Sea Global project, and Qiddiya, are increasing demand for heavy transport vehicles and fleets, the majority of which are diesel-powered. In addition to being resistant to current EV trends, these shares are also anticipated to rise, which will support lubricant consumption even more. However, the market is not static. As vehicle technologies improve, so will their lubricants. This involves transitioning to biobased and re-refined lubricants, both of which are consistent with the Kingdom's sustainability goals under Vision 2030. The collection and treatment of old oil produces re-refined lubricants, which reduces environmental pollution while adhering to circular economy principles.



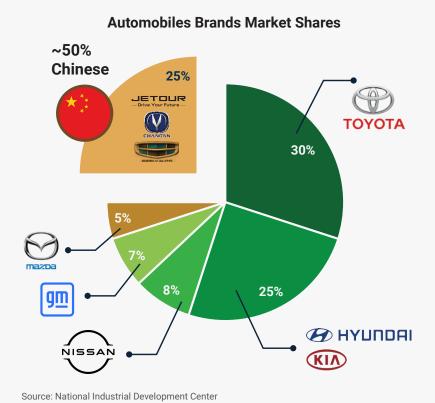




To simplify the process, institutions like Saudi Arabia's National Center for Waste Management (MWAN) have begun to standardize collection networks and license oil recyclers. Oil change companies and fleet maintenance facilities are urged to participate, gradually increasing the amount of recoverable lubricant waste. Along with bio-lubricants, there are those made from renewable agricultural feedstocks like as palm, soybean, or castor oil, which offer an opportunity for the country to lower its reliance on crude oil-based fluids. Uptake in KSA remains modest, but rising environmental consciousness, particularly among younger customers, is expected to increase demand in premium or niche markets such as EV-compatible lubricants for heat management systems, brake systems, and drivetrain components. These bio-lubes provide both a functional benefit and a reputational advantage for firms looking to position themselves as ESG leaders.

Automobile Preferences

Saudi Arabians' perceptions of private mobility are evolving into a new generation. Big SUVs dominated the roads for decades. They were the preferred car for long-distance trips, families, and status buyers due to their size, strength, and dependability. However, the Kingdom's preferences for transportation are changing. The need for smaller, more inexpensive cars is being driven by a rising generation of consumers, many of whom are younger and cost-conscious. Meanwhile, Chinese automakers are becoming more and more popular since their vehicles offer high-quality features at competitive prices. Such modifications are changing the technique and approach of lubricant utilization.



The rise in popularity of Chinese automobiles in recent years may be one of the most significant changes. Among the brands that have rapidly expanded their position in the Saudi market are Changan, MG, Geely, and Haval. Chinese cars accounted for more than 20% of new car sales in the Kingdom in 2023, which is a notable increase in a market that was previously dominated by American, Japanese, and Korean brands. Competitive pricing, contemporary looks, digital features, and long warranties have helped Chinese manufacturers gain popularity. In particular, these have been appealing to new licensees and first-time purchasers. They are promoted by local dealership networks and campaigns that emphasise value for money without sacrificing quality.

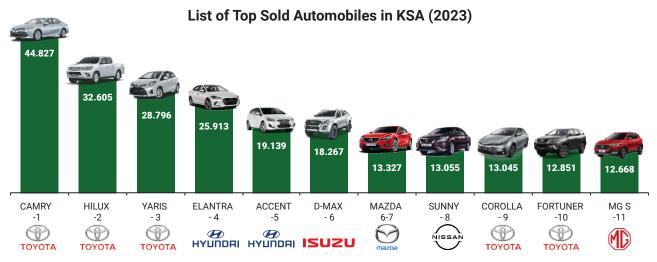




Simultaneously, preferences for vehicle size are also changing. According to the Saudi Automobile Association, sales of small sedans and crossover vehicles are steadily surpassing those of large SUVs in most urban areas. Urbanization, traffic, and rising gasoline prices are driving consumers towards less priced solutions. Drivers in Riyadh, Jeddah, and Dammam are opting for smaller cars since they provide better parking options, use less gasoline, and require fewer repairs. Compacts also reduce operating costs for delivery and ride-hailing drivers, which is another factor driving this change. These developments have direct effects on the market for lubricants. Compared to the older normally aspirated engines, the turbocharged engines seen in compact cars, particularly the more recent Chinese versions, have greater revs. Low-viscosity, high-performance synthetic lubricants that adhere to more recent standards such as API SN+ and SP are necessary for these engines. In certain situations, they also need additional OEM clearances. The need for lubricants will change along with the vehicle mix, moving away from heavier general-purpose oils and toward lighter specialized oils.

Furthermore, in order to get warranty coverage, Chinese automakers usually work with or advertise particular lubricant brands. These relationships ensure that such vehicles are often serviced with only authorized lubricants, much of which are now blended or manufactured locally. This has created new opportunities for local blenders and distributors, who are restructuring their product lines to accommodate the growing number of Chinese automobiles on the road.





Source: National Industrial Development Center

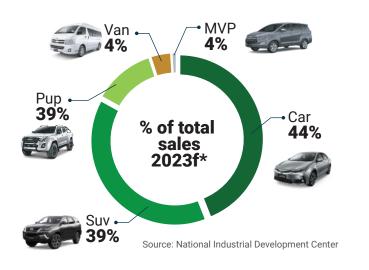
There is also a growing trend toward longer drain intervals. Instead of oil changes at 5,000 kilometers, most of the newer cars entering the Saudi market are now scheduled for more contemporary intervals of 10,000 to 15,000 kilometers. This implies improved engine stress protection, increased reliance on longer-lasting synthetic and semi-synthetic oils, and improved thermal stability. In response to this challenge, retail oil stores and quick-lube shops are increasing the number of SKUs they carry that are tailored to meet the

demands of customers and particular engine types. Young Saudi drivers who are buying their first cars are particularly affected by this trend.

According to the Saudi Transport
Ministry's 2022 survey, more than 55%
of first-time car buyers in urban areas
chose compact or mid-size vehicles
for fuel efficiency and cheaper
maintenance costs. Due to online
information, dealership guidance,
and smartphone apps, these new
drivers are more inclined to commit
to maintenance schedules and

comprehend the differences between oil varieties. All things considered, Saudi Arabia's roadways are evolving, as are the people who utilize them. The market for lubricants will need to adapt not only its product line but also how it interacts with this new generation of drivers as Chinese brands gain popularity and smaller automobiles become more common. Companies that engage rapidly, are technologically aligned, and are strategic with their partnerships will be well positioned to catch this new generation of drivers.

Subsegment Distribution in KSA





B-Segment: Sub Compact

C-Segment: Compact, Small family Cars D-Segment: Mid-size Family cars E-Segment: Executive Luxury Cars



Expansion of Lubricant Demand-Motorsports, Boating, and Petrol Station Adaptation

As Saudi consumers transition from SUVs to more compact cars, often Chinese-made automobiles, their expectations for servicing and daily car use shift as well. In addition to changing the cars themselves, this shift is also changing where and how individuals choose to service their vehicles. Drivers are increasingly looking for garages and petrol stations that provide services beyond a simple oil change. These days, convenience, cleanliness, and an enjoyable overall experience are significant. These modernized service stations are quickly becoming the go-to option for a new generation of car owners, whether it's for the convenience of getting coffee while waiting, using digital booking options, or just knowing that the service will be efficient and professional.

Transforming Petrol Stations to Enhance Customer Experience

Gas stations have been at the forefront of this development. Traditional petrol stations are being transformed into multi-service hubs. Aramco's "North Station" in Riyadh is an ideal illustration, as it includes a high-end convenience shop, a café, a quick-lube facility, and even specialized EV charging bays. Aramco has launched its "Fuel Retail Expansion" program through its subsidiary "RetailCo," with hundreds of improved stations planned across the country. Similarly, Shell's partnership with APIG (Aljomaih and Shell Lubricating Oil Company) has resulted in the redesign of Shell Select stations to include Shell Helix oil change bays with standardized service and premium product displays.

These modern stores have transformed how lubricants are sold. Quick-lube bays give on-the-spot oil changes, generally with synthetic alternatives. This has boosted sales and brand visibility, particularly among drivers who seek convenience and quick service. The client experience is now on track with internationally standards due to enhanced lighting, well-organized facilities, and improved hygiene.





Similarly, the workshop channel is gaining a lot of popularity. Petromin Express, which operates over 650 service locations in Saudi Arabia, provides rapid oil changes, brake services, and car diagnostics. Located close to retail centers or residential areas, these workshops are customer-focused and equipped with technology. Young drivers find Petromin particularly enticing because it uses Castrol lubricants and provides e-booking and e-invoices. Another operator, Aljomaih Quick Service, is developing branded workshops in partnership with global lubricant manufacturers, providing certified technicians and standard operating processes to boost customer confidence in their servicing options.











Toyota Abdul Latif Jameel and Nissan Al Babtain have integrated full-service lubrication programs into their OEM workshops. Vehicle purchasers are enrolled in planned maintenance packages that include oil changes using synthetic materials specified by the OEM. When customers adhere to the recommended servicing plan, they are eligible for loyalty bonuses or extended warranty periods. This creates a consistent demand for premium lubricants and encourages brand-specific formulation.



EV Momentum in Saudi Arabia: Market Drivers & Speed of Change



Mr. Damien Duhamel

Managing Partner Middle East & Asia at
Eurogroup Consulting

Damien Duhamel is a senior business leader and strategy consultant with over 25 years of experience across Southeast Asia. He specializes in market research, M&A, digital transformation, and growth strategy, advising both global corporations and regional players. Damien began his career by founding a market intelligence firm in Vietnam and later cofounded a boutique consulting firm focused on ASEAN markets, growing it into a leading advisory with 150+ professionals across 13 offices in Asia. He holds degrees from RMIT, the University of Chicago Booth, and Harvard, and is known for his deep regional expertise and ability to guide sustainable business success in complex markets.

Q: Saudi Arabia is seeing rapid growth in EVs, especially with Tesla and Chinese brands entering the market. What are the main drivers behind this shift?

A: EV adoption in Saudi Arabia is growing due to several significant considerations. Vision 2030 has established defined sustainability and diversification goals, emphasizing cleaner mobility options and lower carbon emissions. The government has supported this with infrastructure improvements (such as more public charging stations) as well as favorable regulations for international manufactures. The introduction of names like as Tesla and prominent Chinese manufacturers not only expands consumer options, but also promotes trust in the EV ecosystem. Competitive price, longer battery life, and a wider range of models are all making EVs more enticing to Saudi consumers.

EV Adoption: Market Dynamics & Impact on Lubricants

Q: What are the main drivers pushing Saudi arabia to expand the EV market?

A: The key driving forces are Vision 2030's emphasis on sustainability, strong government support, investments in charging infrastructure, and the entry of global players such as Tesla and top Chinese brands. Consumer interest is increasing as charging becomes more convenient and more economical EV vehicles are introduced.

Q: How do you see the rising number of EVs affecting demand for traditional automotive lubricants in the next five years?

A: As EVs become more prevalent, there will be less demand for conventional engine oils and lubricants since electric vehicles don't need their engine oil changed. However, this drop will be gradual, as ICE vehicles will stay on the road for many years.



Q: Is there still a role for conventional lubricants during this transition, or will the change be immediate and dramatic?

A: Conventional lubricants continue to play an important role, particularly in mixed fleets and for existing vehicles. The shift won't happen overnight, and conventional lubricants will continue to play a significant role during the transition, however companies must get ready for a future in which EV-related products will drive growth.

New Opportunities and challenges

Q: With EVs on the rise, where do you see new opportunities for lubricant manufacturers?

The development of new fluids required for electric vehicles (EVs), such as battery coolants, thermal management fluids, and specific greases for electric drivetrains, present considerable opportunities.

Q: How should lubricant providers adapt their aftersales strategy as EVs need less traditional servicing?

A: The industry should concentrate on gear lubricants for electric vehicle transmissions, dielectric fluids for batteries, and high-performance thermal management fluids. These components are critical for EV efficiency, safety, and longevity.

Q: How will policies like EV incentives and emissions standards shape the lubricants market in Saudi Arabia?

A: The transition to EVs will be accelerated by government initiatives including fleet electrification support, tighter emissions regulations, and EV incentives. This will boost demand for EV-compatible fluids while reducing the market for traditional lubricants.





Passion for motorsports fuelling the lubricant demand

Over the past few years, a culture centered around motorsports has developed in the Kingdom. The Saudi Arabian Grand Prix in Jeddah, the Formula E race in Diriyah, and the Dakar Rally have all attracted international attention. These occasions generate a lot of demand for high-performance lubricants in addition to drawing visitors.

Overall, Saudi Arabia has a thriving vehicle customization culture, with enthusiasts passionate about modifying their cars for performance, aesthetics, and off-road capabilities. Numerous car and off-road motorbike clubs cater to different growing interests, including drifting, off-roading, and classic car restoration. Some well-known clubs include the Riyadh 4x4 Club. The kingdom so far has the largest growth market for Formula 1, with an 11% increase in fans compared to 2023 with increasing interest among fans, particularly those aged 16 to 24.



The Formula E 2025 Jeddah E-Prix

- Jeddah Corniche Circuit
- Participation of 11 teams and 22 drivers
- Broadcast on eight television channels, three radio stations, and covered by 16 print and online newspapers



Dakar Rally Saudi 2025

- 7,700km across Saudi Arabia
- 807 competitors
- Over 450 vehicles across bikes, cars, trucks, quads, classic vehicles, and Dakar Future entries



The STC Saudi Arabian Grand Prix 2025

- 6.174km Circuit Length
- 50 Laps
- 308.45km Race Distance

Motorsport racing teams require engine oils, gear fluids, and greases that can withstand high pressures and temperatures. These events also provide a forum for businesses to showcase their latest lubricant formulations. Despite its tiny size, this volume sector is highly valuable, has good marketing exposure, and influences the formation of consumer habits, particularly among young, high-performing drivers.

Motorcycle sales are also on the rise. More and more riders, particularly in Riyadh and Jeddah, are using motorbikes for personal transportation, delivery services, and recreational purposes. Motorcycles have distinct lubrication requirements, such as two-stroke and four-stroke oils. Riders are brand-conscious and prefer synthetic oils, which provide superior engine protection and performance. As delivery applications and city transportation trends expand, so does the demand for lubricants in this area.





Beyond land transportation, changing consumer trends are additionally altering the landscape for marine lubricants, an industry that receives less attention yet has a substantial and rising demand.

Marine Lubricants and the Rise of Leisure Boating



Although land-based motorsports are becoming more and more popular in Saudi Arabia, another field is developing on the water at an equally rapid pace. Saudi Arabian marine recreation is no longer an uncommon activity. It has grown to become an increasingly important aspect of consumer culture. Boating, jet skiing, and sport fishing have quickly become popular weekend activities for both locals and visitors. These activities, while enjoyable, need engine maintenance and lubrication. As a result, the demand for marine oils is gradually increasing.

In 2023, almost 18 million people visited the Red Sea's coastal beaches. This figure includes 11 million in the Central Cluster, 6.4 million in the Northern Cluster, and 1.2 million in the Southern Cluster. The bulk of these guests participated in water activities such as fishing cruises and jet ski tours. These visits included powered boats, which use engine oil, gear lubricants, and marine greases to be operable and secure.

The Central Cluster represents 59% of the total visitors in the Red Sea. It is an urban coastal cluster of locations where yacht charters, boat tours, and jet ski rentals are popular. About 30% of the travelers visiting are from the premium group. These vacationers are likely to use high-performance boats, which require exceptional maintenance. They search for lubricants that meet global standards for engine dependability and performance.

The budget category accounts for 49% of Northern Cluster tourists. They are more likely to use group boat services, rentals, or organized fishing trips. Despite being less advanced, their boats are heavily utilized, particularly on weekends and holidays. The engines must run multiple times per day, making more frequent oil changes necessary.

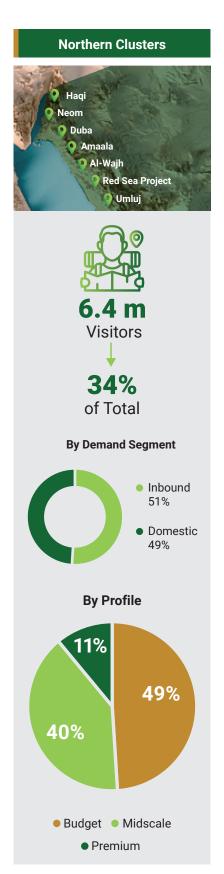
Despite its smaller size, the Southern Cluster accounts for 56% of domestic consumers. These are primarily local groups and families that fish from personal boats or on short coastal trips. Despite using smaller boats, normal activity results in consistent lubricant demand. The bulk of these customers utilize basic 2-stroke or 4-stroke oils to repair their engines.

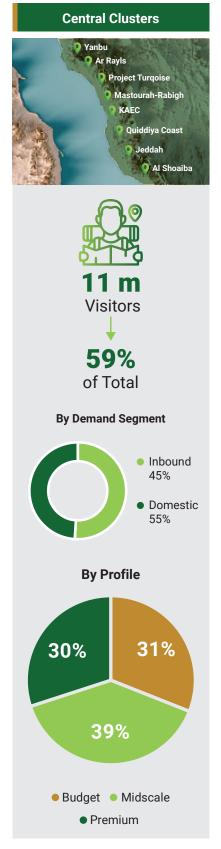


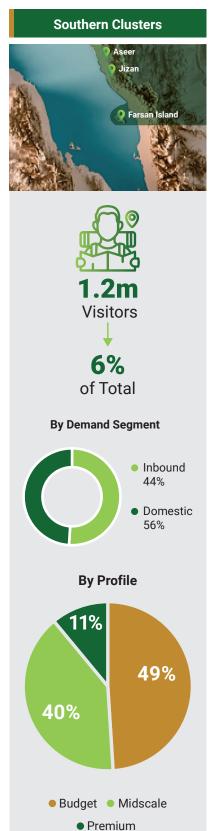




Red Sea Overview







Source: Saudi Red Sea Authority



Red Sea Key activities Impacting the Lubricants Market





Jet skiing is among the most lubricant-intensive activities. Jet skis operate at high RPMs and in seawater, which quickly wears down engine components. Vacation Red Sea villages such as Umluj and Jeddah have a high demand for rentals. One jet ski can operate for several hours per day. This increases the necessity for high-performance lubricants to prevent overheating and corrosion.

Yachting and cruises are other significant contributors. These are primarily centered in the Central Cluster. Coolants, engine oil, and gear lubricants are necessary for yacht cooling systems. High-end clients frequently want branded or OEM-approved products. This increases the strain on service providers to stock and use the appropriate lubricants. All three clusters have active recreational fishing vessels. Many families in the Southern Cluster spend their weekends fishing in small boats. Their engines are basic, but require oil changes every 50-100 hours. Even modest engines require a significant amount of lubrication when running continuously.

Other local establishments that are included are marinas and diving clubs. In Jeddah and Yanbu, there are various clubs that rent boats for snorkeling or sightseeing. These boats make dozens of rides throughout the week. Every journey is an additional engine utilization cycle, which serves as an additional driver for the lubricants market.



	Location	Year	Participants / Attendance	Type of Craft Involved	(🍥) Lubricant Impact
Kingdom Sports Fishing Tournament	Red Sea (off Jeddah)	2023	~170 anglers across ~31 teams	Recreational fishing boats	Medium – long-range engine use
Red Sea 600 Offshore Race	Offshore Red Sea coastline	2023	N/A	Offshore yachts (≤ 100 ft), catamarans	High – extended engine operation
Women's Match Racing World Championship	Jeddah Yacht Club & Marina	2024	~24-30 sailors	Racing keelboats	Medium-high - repeated racing usage
Youth Match Racing World Championship	Jeddah Yacht Club & Marina	2024	N/A	Racing keelboats	Medium – frequent race cycles

This trend is further enhanced by events. Jet ski racing, fishing tournaments, and mass diving trips are now sponsored by government bodies such as the Saudi Red Sea Authority (SRSA). These events bring together hundreds of users, resulting in rapid bursts of significant lubricant consumption. Several boats and jet skis can be refueled and oiled during a single weekend event. To support this emerging sector, SRSA established seven regulations guaranteeing safer, more sustainable watercraft operation. These are criteria for engine maintenance and waste management. Customers, whether owner operators or renters, must now verify that the boats meet minimum servicing standards. Lubricant use is not just a question of maintenance, but also a regulation requirement. Everything is moving in a single direction. Lubricants are no longer considered a back-office item for commercial fleets. They are now a growing and essential component of the marine service offered to customers. People who utilize jet skis, go fishing, or rent boats are now part of the lubricant market. Lubricant sales and usage are being driven by their demands for engine performance, safety, and quality.

In the coming years, the Vision 2030 target of 100 million annual visits will include a lot more maritime users. The use of personal watercraft is expected to increase as fresh regions become accessible. It will not emerge from industrial harbors or cargo ships, it will be families, adolescents, and visitors enjoying a day by the sea. For lubricant manufacturers, the message is plain. The market is evolving. Customers that prioritize performance, security, and ease of use on open water require different products and marketing strategies.





Insights on Mobility, EV, and Maritime **Trends**



Mr. Osama Nadeem Industrial Sales Engineer at FUSCHS KSA

As an ambitious and results-oriented Sales Manager, Mr. Naddem has a proven track record of driving performance, leading high-impact teams, and aligning sales strategies with corporate objectives. He has been in the lubricants market for almost 7 years, and is known for retaining integrity and developing trusted connections at all levels of the organization, leveraging significant expertise in corporate strategy, risk management, and process optimization to generate measurable business results.

Q: What's your overall take on the lubricants market in Saudi Arabia?

A: Saudi Arabia's lubricants sector is rapidly developing. Although the industry has nowadays more specialization, it is still dominated by a handful of large businesses who dominate distribution, packaging, and blending. Customers are becoming more informed, demand is transitioning to synthetics, and new markets such as EVs, marine, and aviation are gaining traction.

Maritime and Industrial Lubricants

Q: What function do maritime **lubricants have in the Saudi market?**

A: Offshore services, ships, and port authorities all employ maritime lubricants. It's a small market, but it's strategically vital given Saudi Arabia's port development and Red Sea traffic. Companies that offer marine lubricants frequently work directly with port operators or major shipping lines.

Q: So, do you see the marine category; including ports, commercial vessels, and yachts, as a key growth driver in Saudi Arabia's lubricants market?

A: Yes, the marine sector are unquestionably one of the primary drivers. Saudi Arabia's ports are developing, and as the country's population grows and inflows increase, so does marine activity (commonly boats, yachts, Jet skies...). So certainly, marine is a significant

Q: Is industrial lubricant consumption increasing?

A: Definitely, particularly in light of Vision 2030's growth in local manufacturing and megaprojects. The cement, steel, mining, and utility industries all require specialist lubricants, and demand is constantly increasing.



Q: Which barriers do these industries face?

Industrial buyers are highly technical. They demand consistent delivery, technical support, and performance. Products must adhere to strict OEM or operating standards, resulting in a barrier to entry.

Automotive Lubricants

Q: How does the automobile sector affect lubricant demand?

A: Definitely. The use of synthetic is increasing. People request it by name. Especially young drivers and premium automobile owners.

Q: Is synthetic oil becoming the norm?

A: For the industrial clients, they simply go for a direct or indirect interaction with the brand. They never use E-commerce as a way to procure their needs because generally they order big quantities, and have specific needs.

Evs and Aviation

Q: How does the surge in EVs effect lubricant consumption?

A: EVs in the kingdom is a very small market, almost non-existent. They do not require engine oil, although they do use coolants and greases. So, for a hypothetical case, while the volume of engine oil may decrease, you will continue to sell other fluids.

Q: Are hybrids driving new product demand?

A: Hybrid vehicles still require engine oils, however their specifications may differ. To satisfy these demands, we must modify formulations.

Q: Is there a significant demand for other types of lubricants?

A: Yes, aviation lubricants. This is strictly regulated, airlines frequently engage with approved vendors who understand precisely what they are looking for. You can supply turbine and hydraulic oil; it's a consistent business.

Q: Do commercial airlines and private aviation operate differently?

A: Private jets are limited in number, yet they require premium and rapid service. Private clients want flexibility, whereas airlines follow the book.

Evolving Consumer Behavior

Q: How are lubricant buyers changing in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia?

A: Customers today are better educated. They prefer the brand and synthetic materials, as well as clean, fast service.

Q: Which channels are they using?

A: For the industrial clients, they simply go for a direct or indirect interaction with the brand. They never use E-commerce as a way to procure their needs because generally they order big quantities, and have specific needs.

Future Outlook

Q: What are the prospects for growth in these specialized segments?

A: Marine and aviation are two small but crucial segments. You must have the appropriate supplies and support on hand.

Q: What distinguishes a successful lubricant company in this market?

A: Service, quickness, and dependability. The product is similar, but whomever provides the best service wins.



The Subscription Era: Leasing, Rentals, and Vehicles on Demand

Car leasing and rental have become more common in Saudi Arabia. Over the last five years, domestic rental fleets like as Theeb, Lumi, and Yelo have expanded rapidly, driven by both business travel and a surge in local tourism.



Overview of the market



The rental and commercial fleets are high-volume, high-frequency lubricant consumers. They represent a prime customer market with predictable purchase behavior, in contrast to personal drivers who have the ability to prolong or postpone repair intervals. Car leasing has grown significantly between 2017 and 2025, with an annual growth rate of 4%, as opposed to the previous 2%.



The highly fragmented nature of the KSA auto leasing market underscores the potential for both new entrants and consolidation of current firms to gain a piece of the quickly expanding market. In the past, the car rental market included various operators with different fleet sizes, uneven service standards, and aged fleets. The Kingdom's TGA implemented regulatory amendments in 2021 that required new licenses to have a minimum fleet size, which led to the replacement of outdated fleets with modern ones. More than 200,000 rental cars are in use as of 2022, and there are 615 approved rental firms divided into four divisions. The majority of the Kingdom's car rental fleet is owned by 90 large enterprises, who have over 3,000 vehicles (Category A) and 300 vehicles (Category B).

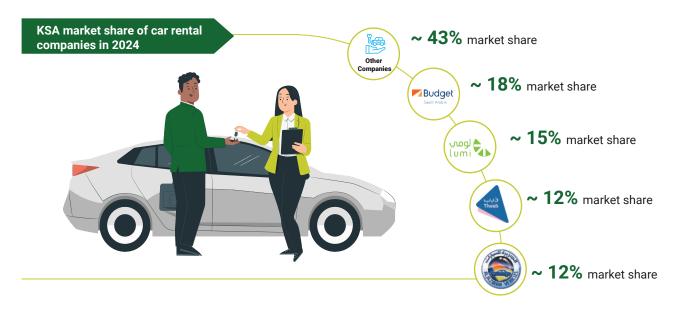






Consumer Shift to Rentals, Leasing, and Vehicle Subscriptions

In 2019, revenue exceeded SAR 11 billion, with the passenger automobile rental market accounting for SAR 2.8 billion. The industry saw a 30% reduction in 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 epidemic. Following recovery efforts and the reopening to foreign visitors, the automobile rental business experienced a 16% recovery in 2021, reaching a value of SAR 2.3 billion. Naturally, the growing number of vehicles in the auto rental market is driving up demand for lubricants, especially in the passenger car market. Due to market dominance by major operators and industry consolidation, B2B demand for lubricant suppliers is becoming more structured and predictable. These suppliers are frequently bound by long-term contracts. By putting dependability and OEM standards first, these companies are raising the bar for lubricant quality and increasing demand for high-end, branded products. Additionally, the recovery from COVID-19 and the rise in tourism have brought rental car usage back to pre-pandemic levels, which has boosted lubricant consumption throughout the Kingdom and revived regular maintenance cycles.



The on-demand mobility economy, which includes ride-hailing, deliveries, and logistics, is also making an impact. Most notably in Riyadh, Jeddah, and Dammam, on-demand mobility platforms like as Uber, Careem, Kaiian, and Jeeny are a component of metropolitan transportation today. The majority of these cars go well over 50,000 kilometers annually and are used almost constantly. In light of the high demand placed on their engines, robust, long-lasting lubricants that can tolerate prolonged use and stop-go traffic are required. This is where synthetic oils with low friction, durability, and heat stability have become essential.

A further evolution is customers' increased awareness and maturity. Saudi drivers are more knowledgeable than ever on account of online reviews, guides, and comparison websites. These days, customers proactively inquire about the finest oils for their cars, when to replace them, and which companies provide the best value for their buck. The bar has been raised in light of this information. With the increasing number of turbocharged engines and newer Euro 5/6 standard vehicles coming into the kingdom, automakers will need to provide assistance in addition to their products. This includes cooperation with service providers, online manuals, and proper labelling to ensure that the right oils are being used. Interestingly, premium car owners, a rapidly growing segment in Saudi Arabia, are driving changes in the lubricant business. Mercedes-Benz, Lexus, and GMC are some of the well-known American, German, and Japanese brands among Saudi buyers, particularly in large cities. These vehicles require specialized lubricants that adhere to extremely stringent OEM specifications. As a result, companies who provide OEM-approved lubricants or collaborate closely with authorized repair centers are experiencing significant growth.



Digital Shift: E-commerce & Online Platforms

As the Kingdom's infrastructure, economy, and society shift, a measured yet impactful change is taking place in how businesses and customers purchase. KSA's e-commerce has surged and is gaining traction.





One of the highest smartphone penetration rates (97%) in the world



Ranks 10th in the world for the fastest internet speed



Affordable Cost of Internet Data (1.49\$/GB compared to global avg. at 2.59\$/GB)

E-commerce is evolving from a convenience to a vital force behind consumer behavior, transforming businesses from electronics and groceries to automotive services and industrial goods. The trend is especially noticeable when it comes to lubricants. What was formerly an offline, brick-and-mortar market connected to service centers, workshops, and store shelves is now moving online, bringing with it new ways to access, interact with brands, and receive deliveries.

This change did not occur suddenly. Saudi Arabia has seen a rise in the use of digital technology over the last five years. With over 97% of people using the internet and almost all of the population owning a smartphone, younger consumers are spearheading a shift in culture toward online-first consumption. Oils, filters, and maintenance kits for cars are among of the market's fastest-growing product categories. Because they provide convenience, selection, and pricing transparency that physical retail models cannot match, online marketplaces such as Amazon, Noon, and specialized platforms are rapidly gaining popularity. The value chain for lubricants in Saudi Arabia is slowly starting to change as e-commerce becomes more popular. It is estimated that 2% of lubricants in KSA are bought via online purchases, and this value is estimated to increase significantly in the upcoming years. Engine oils, greases, coolants, and specialty fluids are produced by local and regional manufacturers, who are at the top of the chain. Prior to physical retail locations, these products have historically gone through importers or large-bucket distributors. E-commerce platforms are now demonstrating themselves to be a powerful leverage between supply and demand.





Transformation Journey - Digitizing The Lubricants Market

In the lubricants industry, online purchasing is changing the way lubricants are discovered, compared, and purchased. Online platforms offer reviewable information, feedback, and instructional content to private vehicle owners, particularly young drivers and first-time purchasers.



A glance at key developments and statistics



34.5 Mn

e-commerce users by 2025



34.44%

of products were imported from outside the Kingdom in 2023



\$266

threshold for international duty-free e-commerce transactions



42,900

online stores accessible in Saudi Arabia



191

total # of shipping & delivery service providers in KSA in 2022

Source: Monshaat



\$428 Mn

in VC funding for Saudi-based e-commerce ventures in 2023



26,334

verified e-commerce freelance certificates by the Saudi Business Center in 2023



16,556

verified commercial registrars for e-commerce businesses by the Saudi Business Center in 2023



14,000

fulfillment centers, warehouses inside & outside cities, & closed retail stores



8th

highest-ranked e-commerce market among developing economies now is KSA

Customers can now get information without depending on mechanics or service agents. Before placing an order, they may check OEM approvals, compare viscosity grades, and read previous customers' reviews, all from the comfort of their mobile devices.

The E-commerce market is creating equal opportunities with this lubricating data. Based on clear product positioning and digital descriptions, it is enabling smaller firms to compete with international giants. Meanwhile, well-known companies like Castrol, Shell, and TotalEnergies are using their online presence to build trust, provide package deals, and guarantee authenticity through official flagship stores. Web platforms offer reassurance through verified listings and user evaluations in a country like Saudi Arabia, where contaminated or counterfeit oils have been an issue.





As of now, the market is more than just consumer purchases. It is quickly becoming as a B2B distribution strategy channel as well. Centralized virtual shops include websites for manufacturers, Noon, and Amazon.sa. These platforms include a wide selection of lubricants, from premium synthetic oils to lower-grade mineral-based blends, and frequently include accompanying filters, equipment, and maintenance kits. Retail customers, such independent contractors and do-it-yourselfers, and B2B customers, like fleet managers, ride-hailing services, and small garages, are their two primary customer segments. Particularly in underdeveloped or rural areas with less regular supply chains, fleet managers, small repair shops, and delivery fleets are increasingly buying lubricants online. Membership plans, bulk-buy websites, and automated reordering tools are starting to appear, imitating the practices of more established e-commerce platforms. According to industrial customers with multiple outlets or sizable fleets, online purchasing offers a degree of control and traceability that traditional channels do not offer. Without the need for a large retail infrastructure, this digital revolution is also enabling regional distributors and blending houses to sell directly to customers and provide customized solutions. These businesses are expanding their geographic reach, boosting profitability, and cutting expenses by setting up unique online stores. For instance, certain Saudi lubricant companies now distribute lubricants in formulas designed for do-it-yourself consumers via e-commerce. These formulations include smaller quantities, instructional materials, and attractive branding targeted at groups of hobbyists and home mechanics.

Remarkably, this shift is in line with Vision 2030's overarching objectives, which prioritize innovation, digitization, and the development of a knowledge-based economy. E-commerce is not merely a byproduct of consumer culture; rather, it is a result of national priorities. Government initiatives that are actively promoting the growth of this industry include the National Digital Transformation Strategy, the Saudi Logistics Hub Program, and the E-Commerce Law. Large-format commodities such as 5L engine oils or industrial grease drums may be delivered swiftly, securely, and affordably thanks to enhanced logistical infrastructure and more effective last-mile delivery.



Ecosystem Breakdown - Key Platforms and Applications

Despite being considered a niche sector in comparison to consumer electronics or clothing, the online market for engine oil and automotive fluid is expanding at an astounding rate. Understanding how each platform fits into this category is critical for lubricant brands looking to establish significant presence in the Kingdom's digital economy.



Over the years, KSA's ecommerce market has shown a consistent increase over the years. Following covid-19, Saudis have been forced to choose cashless payment options, leading to a newfound confidence in the medium of online shopping. Not only is it an easily accessible option, but every platform offers something unique. Meaning the options are diverse, and endless. Each online platform in KSA is designed to target a specific segment and to look a certain way. While Amazon.sa is designed for fulfillment, visibility, and trust, Noon is more directed towards inexpensive prices and local popularity. Brand platforms offer loyalty and education while apps offer integration and convenience. All four types of e-commerce platforms available in KSA drive the lubricants sector, but an integrated approach that taps into the strengths of each platform will yield the best outcomes.

Manufacturers of lubricants have little choice but to operate in this online environment. It is a dynamic setting that reflects the way customers are thinking, doing research, and making purchases. Successful brands will be those that communicate effectively, deliver consistently, and react quickly to this ever evolving e-commerce landscape rather than just listing things.

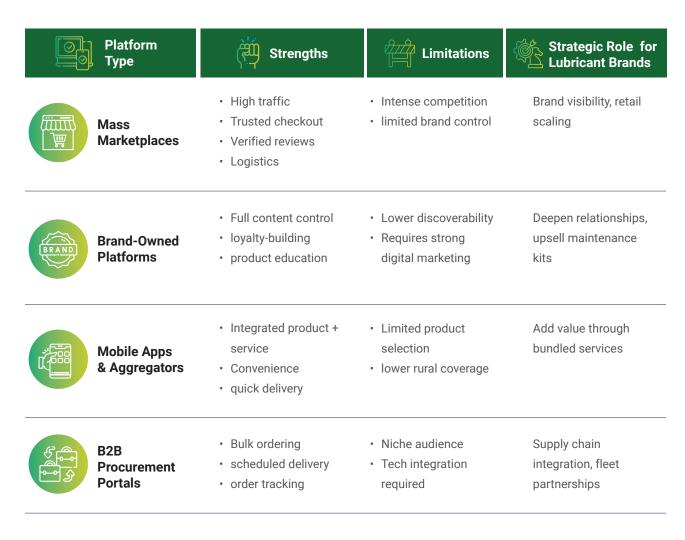




Platform-Specific Strategies and Players

The most significant effect of e-commerce is probably the closing of the producer-consumer cycle. Direct interaction, feedback loops, and loyalty building are now feasible, which were previously only actually achievable through the networks of service garages or dealerships. As Saudi Arabia's economy becomes more digitized, this relationship will further strengthen, transforming lubricant companies from distant producers to intimate, known brands with which consumers interact on a frequent and safe basis.

To put it briefly, e-commerce is a revolutionary shift that integrates all points along the lubricant value chain, from the factories that blend oil to the warehouses that transport it, to the drivers who use it and the service centers that recommend it. It is not merely an additional channel for selling lubricants. It supports all of the preceding trends, including the surge in fleet operations, industrialization, private vehicle ownership, and the national drive for digital integration. By 2030, Saudi Arabia's lubricants business will expand online in addition to grow larger and become more advanced.



Although Saudi Arabia's lubricant sector is dominated by online channels, a number of e-commerce sites are becoming noteworthy participants. Each platform has advantages and disadvantages and offers value to lubricant producers, distributors, and consumers.



Customer Trust, Accessibility, & Scale





Type: Global E-commerce Platform



Key Strengths: Scale, trust, verified reviews, reliability



Lubricant Strategy: Premium & OEM-approved oils, brand storefronts



Best For: Established brands with strong offline recognition

Amazon.sa continues to be the most popular e-commerce website in the Kingdom. Its extensive product selection, well-structured search engine, and extensive logistical infrastructure give lubricant brands a prominent online presence. Packed maintenance packages, OEM-approved products, and high-quality synthetic oils are all readily available to customers. Honest reviews, open fulfillment levels, and consumer trust are Amazon's main advantages when it comes to attracting first-time customers who are reluctant to purchase counterfeit products. They give lubricant brands more control over product placement by favoring brand-owned vendors. However, competition is fierce, and success on the platform is dependent on detailed listings, keyword ranking, and consumer involvement via Q&A and reviews. New entrants typically go unnoticed, but well-known firms with offline brand recognition thrive there.

Bundling Techniques & Regional Appeal





Type: Global E-commerce Platform



Key Strengths: Scale, trust, verified reviews, reliability



Lubricant Strategy: Premium & OEM-approved oils, brand storefronts



Best For: Established brands with strong offline recognition

Nowadays, Noon is a strong local substitute for Amazon, especially when it comes to car care items. The website is renowned for its geo-based marketing, bundle packs, and regular deals. Price-conscious consumers seeking middle-grade or value-grade lubricants, such as semi-synthetic motor oil or foreign but smaller brands, find Noon to be quite alluring.

In contrast to Amazon, Noon frequently incorporates holiday specials and "flash sale" features that might help lubricant producers who wish to shift outdated inventory or try out new SKUs. Its logistical coverage is expanding, but each city may have different last-mile reliability. Noon provides producers with a fair amount of visibility, but sustained traction may necessitate consistent marketing efforts and effective logistics management.

Customer Trust, Accessibility, & Scale





Type: Local Auto-Service E-commerce



Key Strengths: Integrated oil sales + at-location oil change



Lubricant Strategy:

Convenience-first; premium/ synthetic focus



Best For: Brands targeting urban car owners preferring bundled service

By combining product sales with on-site service delivery, Lubex, a division of Rached Group, is establishing an identity for itself in the Saudi lubricant e-commerce market. Lubex targets convenience-seeking drivers in major cities by providing oil change services at the customer's location, as contrast to traditional platforms. For consumers of synthetic or premium oil who value convenience and saving time, its concept is particularly alluring.

Although its regional reach is still growing, Lubex is gaining traction through mobile-first strategy and specialized marketing. Lubricant producers see it as an invaluable way to reach digital consumers who may be prepared to pay for bundled services.



Specialized Brand Access





Type: Cross-Border Marketplace



Key Strengths: Global product access, niche brand availability



Lubricant Strategy: Specialty oils and hard-to-find SKUs



Best For: Foreign brands testing demand in KSA

As a cross-border marketplace, DesertCart gives Saudi customers access to a variety of foreign goods, such as lubricants that aren't commonly available in their local markets.

Their strategy is more centered on availability and variety than price, in contrast to regional competitors. Although overseas sourcing may result in longer delivery times, the platform allows multinational lubricant firms to test demand in Saudi Arabia without the need for local warehouses. For smaller or up-and-coming international companies looking to enter the Saudi market digitally, it is particularly valuable.

Marketplaces for Specialty Cars and Platforms Owned by Brands









Type: Direct-to-Consumer (D2C) Websites



Key Strengths: Full brand control, educational content, targeted UX



Lubricant Strategy: Filters, bundles, viscosity tools, loyalty offers



Best For: Brand-loyal users, DIYers

Beyond the major markets, certain manufacturer-owned websites and e-commerce sites focused on cars are discreetly but significantly working in the background. These include company-owned websites that supply oils, filters, and accessories straight to customers, such as those run by Petromin, total, shell, Castrol and Liqui Moly. They a specific audience, including brand-loyal customers or do-it-yourselfers. Product education and customisation are the primary benefits of brandowned websites. Customers can view installation instructions or read about viscosity and engine compatibility.

Because marketplaces don't drive traffic to these websites, their discoverability is low. They rely on pay-per-click search advertising, influencer marketing, and social media marketing. Specialized portals that enable repeat delivery, mass orders, and even service diagnostics are also available for workshops and B2B purchasers.

New Mobile Apps and Platforms









Type: Mobile Auto-Service Aggregators



Key Strengths:Oil change at home, app-based bookings, bundled labor



Lubricant Strategy: : Servicelinked lubricant sales



Best For: Urban professionals, fleet owners

Last but not least, a variety of on-demand maintenance apps and auto services aggregators, such as Speero, and Morni, started to close the gap between buying lubricant and getting a car fix.

Through these initiatives, clients can purchase particular products that come with service or have an oil change done in their home. Even though they have only recently started at a small scale, these solutions are particularly appealing in metropolitan areas and are probably going to become more popular as the country's urban population grows and time becomes a major problem.



Online & Car Service Platforms in Saudi Arabia

Platform Type	Service Type	Booking Method	Unique Features
Petromin Express	Oil change,Tire services,Battery replacementA/C service	Online booking via website	Largest professional automotive service network in KSA with over 20 years of experience and 30+ awards.
One Stop (FUCHS)	 Oil change Tire change Wheel balancing Alignment Under chassis mechanical work 	Online booking via website	Offers services using Fuchs lubricants blended at their Yanbu plant; provides equipment condition monitoring and fleet maintenance management.
Express C by Valvoli		Walk-in service; no appointment necessary	Offers maintenance services performed by expert mechanics with convenient hours.
المرافع المرا	Oil change,Tire services,Battery replacementA/C service	Online booking via website	Provides a range of services including car shining and nitrogen tire inflation; part of Saudi Bugshan Group.
Caraagy	Oil changePeriodic maintenanceBrake serviceEngine tune-up	Online booking via mobile app	Allows users to choose preferred workshops, track service status in real-time, and offers online payment options.
CAD SERVICE MADE SHAPLE. DO IT ALL ONLINE BY BY CAP SERVICE My Car	Oil changeCar servicingRepairs	Online booking via website and mobile app	App-based platform providing contactless car servicing with 24-hour service options.

For lubricant brands in Saudi Arabia, e-commerce is now a crucial component of their growth plan and is no longer a secondary option. What started out as a one-time convenience for customers has evolved into an end-to-end ecosystem that instantly links consumers, distributors, manufacturers, and service providers. The market is currently changing quickly toward digital-first practices, whether through direct brand platforms, smartphone apps, price-perception engines like Noon, or massive platforms. This change goes beyond technology. It reflects a significant change in how consumers interact with products: they research, compare, and make decisions.

The digital sector will play a key role in enabling automotive expansion, fleet development, and industrial supply as Saudi Arabia moves closer to Vision 2030. In addition to drawing in new clients, lubricant brands that seize this opportunity by utilizing platform presence, customer education, and supply chain flexibility will redefine what it means to lead the Kingdom's market. E-commerce provides a new kind of lubricant in an industry that relies heavily on performance and dependability: one that keeps the market connected, aware, and prepared for the next step.



Digital Sales & E-Commerce in the Saudi Lubricants Industry



Mr. Saad Bin Rashid
Fleet & Leasing National Manager at
Petromin Corporation



Having worked in corporate sales, B2B sales, and B2C sales for more than 18 years, Mr. Saad has a track record of accomplishing business targets in wide range of areas.

Throughout his career, he has made a substantial contribution to portfolio management, profit growth, and long-term business development at several renowned multinational companies. He combines extensive technical expertise with strategic sales leadership to market a broad range of commercial and industrial products, such as packaging materials, diesel generators, lubricants, and chillers.

He has experience managing distributor networks, supervising intricate bid and tender procedures, and using CRM, SAP, and ERP to streamline operations. He is an expert at detecting growth prospects and managing top-performing sales teams to achieve sustained success.

Q: Has e-commerce taken off in the Saudi market for lubricants?

A: Definitely, particularly in the consumer market. Nowadays, lubricants are sold alongside other consumer goods on websites like Amazon and Noon, where major brands are present. This tendency is growing rapidly and will evolve to be an essential element of the industry.

Consumer Behavior

Q: How are lubricant sales affecting customer behavior?

A: Convenience is becoming increasingly important to consumers. These days, many would rather shop online than go to their local shops. This is a result of a larger change in lifestyle; lubricants were a natural byproduct of consumers ordering meals, electronics, and consumables online.

Q: Do internet shoppers place more value on pricing or brand loyalty?

A: It really depends on the customer. Some are price-sensitive and search online for the most affordable deal, while others are brand loyal. However generally, discounts and promotions have a greater impact on consumers' decisions than brand names.

Q: Do prices vary between online and in-store purchases?

A: Indeed. When compared to store prices, products are more appealing due to the constant promotions and discounts offered by e-commerce platforms. The price fluctuates according to the seller and the time of the offer; there is no set formula.



Q: Do shoppers in major cities and smaller cities behave similarly?

A: Not particularly. Large-city consumers are more technology and quality-oriented, and they adjust to online services more quickly. In smaller towns, purchasing behaviors are more traditional; most individuals stick to the same lubricant brand based on familiarity or past usage.

Brand Image & Internet Presence

Q: How are lubricant manufacturers respond to this trend?

A: The majority of brands are actively attempting to enhance their internet visibility. Nowadays, being on Noon or Amazon is a need rather than an option. Brands without a presence are at serious disadvantage.

Q: Are businesses implementing any unique e-commerce marketing strategies?

A: Not just yet. The majority rely on the fundamentals: maintaining inventory levels, providing discounts, and being visible. It is a consumerdriven system in which purchasers search and compare. The existing brands are the ones that thrive.

Q: Could market share be impacted by a lack of availability online?

A: Without a doubt. A brand that does not have an online presence risks losing access to a growing consumer segment. It's a threat to future growth, not just a visibility concern.

Hybrid Experiences: Digital Convenience & Branded Facilities

"If your product is not online, you're losing market share; people won't wait for it anymore."

Q: How are digital changes influencing the offline lubrication experience?

A: A significant number of branded service centers are replacing outdated, unbranded oil change businesses. They are starting to offer professional environments, beverages, waiting rooms, and air conditioning. Customers are beginning to anticipate a more "premium" vibe, particularly in urban areas.

Q: Is this change a component of the broader digital revolution?

A: Yes. Whether online or in-person, the customer experience is critical. Nowadays, while purchasing lubricants or changing the oil, people search for efficiency, comfort, and quality. Expectations have changed.

Looking Forward

Q: Is the development in e-commerce evident in all segments, such as fleet operators and commercial vehicles?

A: As far as fleet companies such as logistics and car rental segment adapting e-commerce rapidly, primary force behind the expansion of e-commerce in mainly passenger cars segment. In commercial sector also this idea is developing mainly in logistics companies but still there are local companies in market

using conventional way, but future is promising.

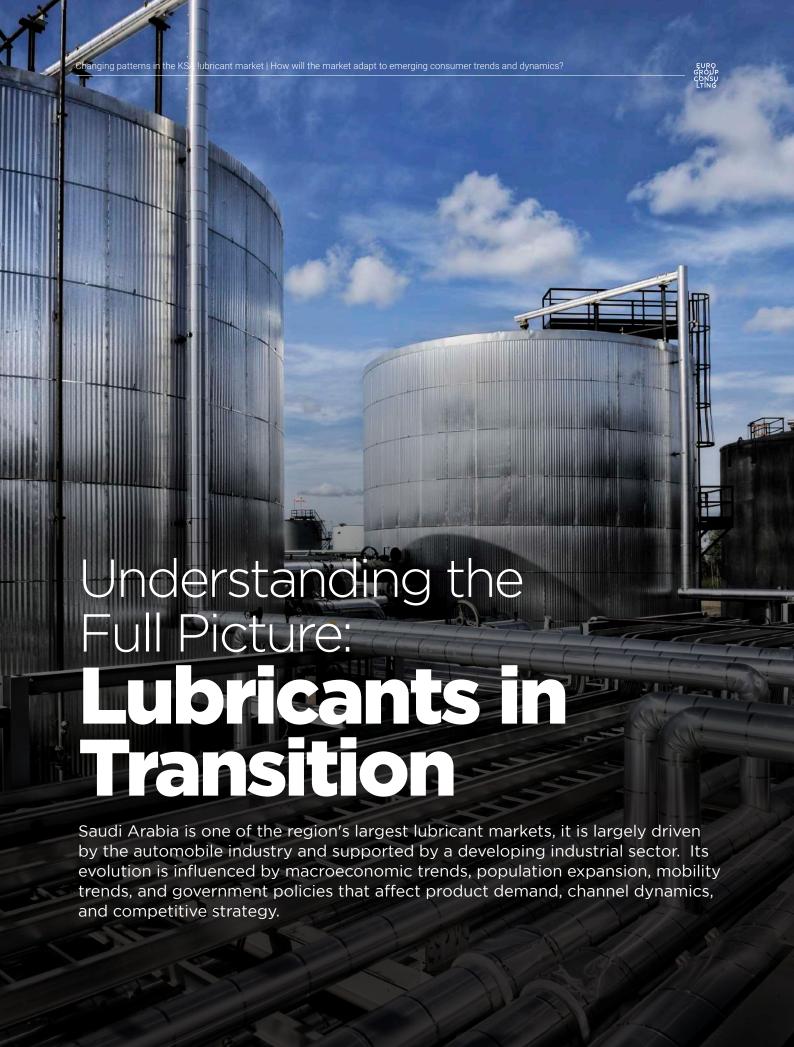
Q: Can this be changed in the future?

A: Perhaps. There is potential for change as artificial intelligence (AI), predictive maintenance, and digital fleet systems develop. However, because fleet operators and commercial drivers are more accustomed to their old routines, adoption will take time.

Q: Do you anticipate any risks or limitations that could delay the e-commerce shift?

A: In all honesty, not much. E-commerce is growing in all sectors of the economy. Nowadays, lubricants are among the many items that Saudi Arabians purchase online. Slowadapting brands are the only ones at risk.





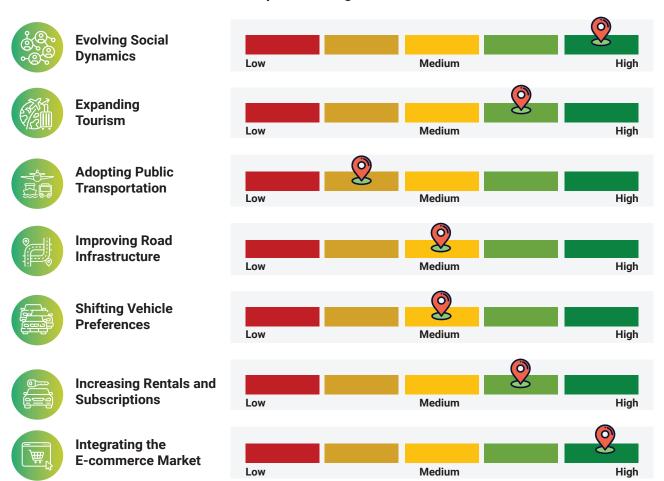


Demand Shift - Understanding The Impact Of Market Drivers

Having identified the key factors influencing Saudi Arabia's demand for lubricants, it is essential to employ a blend of data analysis and insights from expert interviews to establish the relative influence of each factor on the market. The objective is to determine which drivers are influencing the market the most. Across the kingdom, some developments are changing consumer attitudes, such as the increase in e-commerce and the integration of women in society. By prioritizing these factors, we give a better picture of what is now propelling the lubricants market and where expansion is most likely to occur in the years to come.



The Impact Ranking Assessment



Source: Eurogroup Consulting



Comparative Impact of Market Drivers

As the Saudi automotive and industrial sectors expand, various macro and micro factors are influencing lubricant use on a scale and structural basis. From changing demographics to infrastructure spending and behavioral changes, the variables are not all equally significant, but each is contributing in a different way to the market's sophistication and orientation.

One of the most visible changes is the increase in female drivers as a result of regulatory revisions. The growing number of female drivers, particularly in big cities, has increased demand for personal auto care. This has resulted in increased demand for lubricants, particularly motor oil for passenger vehicles, as well as increased product and brand recognition. Additionally, tourism is increasing, with Saudi Arabia becoming an increasingly popular vacation spot globally.



While this has little direct impact on lubricant usage, subsequent increases in transportation fleets, leases, and shuttle services increase transportation intensity specifically in the B2B category. Thus, tourism serves as an indirect but significant driver of lubricant demand. While public transportation use, such as the use of metro and bus fleets, has a mildly negative influence on lubricant adoption in the private vehicle market. It also concentrates demand in the commercial fleet maintenance segment, which necessitates more organized purchasing and higher-quality product cycles.

Whereas continuous investments in the road network, including roads, transit lines, and logistical hubs, are acting as accelerators. They improve vehicle use efficiency, minimize wear and tear, and enable increased mobility, resulting in a baseline need for lubricants of all types. Furthermore, shifting consumer preference toward hybrid, fuel-efficient, or smaller cars are having an effect on the lubricant mix. They frequently call for specialty or synthetic lubricants. These are better suited for low-viscosity operation, which leads to higher premiumized consumption levels and more competitive pressure on suppliers.

A significant trend, particularly in urban areas, is the growth of car rental and subscription services. While it transfers ownership from individuals to others, it increases usage and consolidates lubricant purchases by fleet operators, enabling B2B-focused lubricant distribution and services partnerships.

Finally, e-commerce has been a transformative force. Online platforms are not only increasing access to lubricant products, but also changing how customers discover, compare, and purchase them. As mobile-first clients develop and players like Noon, Amazon.sa, and Lubex expand their operations, e-commerce is becoming a factor in dictating the evolution of distribution channels and brand competitiveness.

Ultimately, Saudi Arabia's lubricants market is witnessing a dynamic transformation, driven by evolving mobility patterns, digital disruption, shifting consumer behavior, and value chain structural realignment. The overall outcome for industry stakeholders will be determined by their capacity to adapt to a changing world easily, using customer-centric strategies and strong collaborations across existing and new platforms.

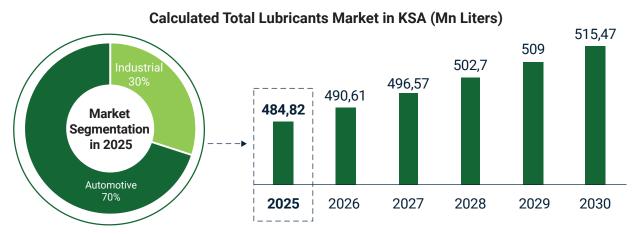


Future Unfolding - Market Demand Outlook To 2030

With the onset of significant industrial advancements in localized manufacturing, Saudi Arabia is expanding its capacity to not only meet its own demands but also to lead innovation and export. The way lubricants are distributed to consumers is being revolutionized by mix-and-match facilities, brand collaborations, and internet platforms. It has never been simpler for customers to access lubricant brands through internet retailers and smartphone applications. Accessibility, reliability, and customization are just as crucial as price and efficiency.



The lubricant market in Saudi Arabia will undoubtedly continue to evolve in the years to come. With increased transportation and industrial capacity, dependable and high-performing lubricants will be demanded. These are more than just operational factors, they are the invisible power that keeps the wheels of change turning. They are in charge of every delivery vehicle, every passenger car, every metro that transports citizens, and every crane that lifts steel across the nation. Following the evaluation of key market drivers, the total size of Saudi Arabia's lubricants market forecast reflects a consistent growth curve. The market will reach 515.47 million liters by 2030, and 484.82 million liters by 2025. This incremental growth reflects the cumulative impact of increased mobility, infrastructural development, changes in consumer behavior, and manufacturing diversification, in line with Vision 2030 objectives. Up to 2025, the vehicle sector continues to dominate the market, accounting for 70% of overall demand. While the industrial sector currently has 30% of the market, it will gradually increase its share in the future. This phenomena will be fueled by the expansion of production zones, logistical hubs, and localized production through public investment.



Source: Eurogroup Consulting

Saudi Arabia's lubricants industry is no longer a subset of the overall economy. Today, it is one of the main forces behind the nation's efforts to modernize, diversify, and achieve sustainable growth. It has moved from an initially steady and immobile sector to a dynamic ecosystem that adapts to evolving infrastructure, mobility, society, and technological advancements. As a result of Vision 2030 driving development throughout the Kingdom, the need for lubricants has grown in both magnitude and complexity, reflecting the more profound changes taking place across the country.



This change is being driven by the significant public infrastructure spending. The growth of railway, metro, and national transit systems is changing not only how people move, but also the demand for specialized lubricants on an industrial scale. These necessitate regular maintenance, high performance standards, and durable goods that can withstand strain and severe environments. This is generating consistent and substantial long-term demand patterns, especially in the industrial lubricants market. Meanwhile, there is a guiet revolution in the private transportation sector. Increased car ownership has altered the typical buyer profile, particularly among women and young drivers. Small and affordable cars are becoming more and more popular, and some of these are produced by new international competitors, primarily Chinese. Other lubricants, such as synthetic oils with certain performance characteristics, are needed for these vehicles. At the same time, more drivers are looking for dependable brands, quicker service, and convenience. This has created space for new product lines, delivery methods, and a more customized maintenance and repair plans.

The social changes that occurred after 2016 were key for maximizing this increase. The Kingdom has expanded the number of vehicles on the road, extended the services chain, and generated new travel incentives through tourism marketing and enhanced mobility at all societal levels. Lubricant consumption channels have expanded, ranging from shuttle fleets to mobile service units, and from vacation road excursions to rental cars. They signify a lasting shift in behavior as opposed to an occasional habit.

There is a definite opportunity for the businesses that are competing in this market. The most successful competitors will be those who can recognize the changing dynamics, adjust swiftly, and match their plans with the overall changes in customer behavior. The lubricants market in Saudi Arabia is not just growing. It is maturing. And in the process, it is turning into an important part of a much bigger story, the story of a nation moving forward, building its future one lubricant change at a time.







Trusted Since 1982

At Eurogroup Consulting, we bring a targeted, results-driven approach to help lubricant manufacturers, blenders, and distributors thrive in the KSA market.

A Global Presence



1982

FOUNDED

3,000 CONSULTANTS WORLDWIDE

10+ Years

EXPERIENCE IN KSA LUBRICANTS SECTOR

250+

LUBRICANTS PROJECTS COMPLETED IN KSA

98%
CLIENT REPEAT RATE

Driving Impact Across the Lubricants Value Chain

STRATEGY	Market Entry & Expansion StrategyBlending Facility Location Strategy	 B2B & B2C Lubricant Portfolio Optimization Strategic Sourcing & M&A
SUSTAINABILITY	 Sustainable Formulation & Bio-based Lubricants Regulatory Roadmaps (EU REACH, SASO, GSO, etc.) 	 Circular Economy & Re-refined Oils ESG Strategy for Lubricants Producers
CUSTOMER EXCELLENCE	 B2B2C Customer Journey Mapping Channel Partner Enablement (OEMs, Distributors) 	 Digital CRM Deployment for Lubricants Dealers Brand Positioning in Competitive KSA Markets
OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE	 Blending Plant Productivity & OEE Improvement Post-Merger Integration in Oil & Lubes Segments 	 Supply Chain Diagnostics (Base Oil to Retail) Lean Packaging & Filling Line Optimization
LEADERSHIP AND CHANGE	 Organization Design for Blenders & Distributors Talent Management in Industrial Environments 	 Workforce Upskilling in Technical Sales HR Strategy Aligned with Saudi Talent Goals
₫ ≩ DIGITAL	 IT Systems for Lab QC, Blending, and Distribution Predictive Analytics in Lubricants Consumption 	 Digital Roadmaps for Lubricants Value Chain Smart Warehouse & Inventory Analytics

Please click here to see how Eurogroup Consulting is helping lubricants players grow in KSA, from strategy and plant optimization to digital transformation.





About Eurogroup Consulting

Eurogroup Consulting is an independent strategy and management consulting firm with more than 40 years of client success stories. Since 1982, we have been supporting governments, large groups and mid-size companies in their strategic and transformational changes. Operating within a global network of 3,000 consultants, we bring a unique approach to consulting: Positive Transformation.

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